A Road Home







10-Year Plan to End Homelessness
July 2008 - July 2018



SUPPORT FROM WASHINGTON COUNTY LEADERSHIP

We believe a reduction of homelessness is an achievable goal in Washington County through this 10-Year Plan. Together, we will implement this plan to address homelessness by providing the most vulnerable members of our community with the outreach, emergency interventions, housing, services, and opportunities for independence they need.

Our 10-Year Plan is devised through the collective participation of many local constituencies. We understand that, only through an enduring commitment by all of them, will we achieve our vision. Going forward, our effort must secure and maintain new commitments at the local and county levels from private and public sources. Towards this end, we will maintain addressing homelessness as a local priority and forge new partnerships that bring multiple sectors together to invest in our 10-Year Plan. Ultimately, we will realize our goal of reducing homelessness. The collective capacity of our compassion and commitment is greater than the depth of this challenge.

TOM BRIAN

Chair, Washington County Board of County Commissioners

Washington County Board of County Commissioners

Tom Brian, Chair
Dick Schouten, Vice Chair
Andy Duyck
Roy Rogers
Desari Strader

Washington County

Robert Davis, County Administrator
Susan A. Wilson, Director, Washington County Department of Housing Services
Annette Evans, Homeless Program Coordinator

June, 2008

LEADERS AND ARCHITECTS OF THE PLAN

The Washington County 10-Year Plan was made possible through generous contributions of time, expertise, and resources by many individuals and the municipalities that make up our community.

Sponsors

The Washington County 10-Year Plan and the preliminary needs assessment work carried out as a prelude to the planning process were made possible through sponsorship from:

- Washington County, Oregon
- The City of Beaverton, Oregon
- The City of Hillsboro, Oregon
- The City of Tigard, Oregon
- The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Portland Field Office

Production

Planning and production of this report were carried out by the Washington County Department of Housing Services.

The Leadership Group

The Washington County 10-Year Plan gratefully acknowledges the generous contributions of time and expertise from local leaders, representatives of community-based organizations, citizen volunteers, and formerly homeless people themselves as participants in the Plan Leadership Group.

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- Tom Brian, Chair, Washington County
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The Washington County 10-Year Plan gratefully acknowledges the generous contributions of time and expertise from many individuals who served as members of the 10-Year Plan Workgroups. The Plan was privileged to have the participation of the following individuals:

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- Sheila Greenlaw-Fink, Community Partners for Affordable Housing
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SUPPORT FROM WASHINGTON COUNTY LEADERSHIP	
_EADERS AND ARCHITECTS OF THE PLAN	ii
SECTION ONE: EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	1
Planning Process	1
Goals and Strategies	1
Assessment of Impact	2
Section Two: Introduction	5
National Examples	5
New Principles	5
Homelessness Hurts	5
Homelessness Costs	6
New Solutions	
SECTION THREE: PARTICIPATORY PLANNING	
Planning Forums	
Alignment with State Planning Efforts	9
Needs Assessment	9
Plan Representation	10
Plan Leaders	10
Plan Architects	
Workgroup I: Prevention & Emergency Services	
Workgroup II: Housing	
Workgroup III. Human Supportive Services	11
Workgroup IV: Economic Opportunity/Income Support	11
SECTION FOUR: REALITY ASSESSMENT	
Homeless Numbers Rising	13
Rent Burdens	13
Who is Homeless?	14
Other Causes of Homelessness	15
SECTION FIVE: WASHINGTON COUNTY TOMORROW	17
Six Goals	
Prevent People from Becoming Home-less	
Move People into Housing	
Link People to Appropriate Services and	
Remove Barriers	
Increase Income Support and Economic Opportunities	19
Expand Data Collection	
Implement Public Education on Homelessness	19
SECTION SIX: IMPLEMENTATION	
The Matrix of Strategies	21
Implementation of National Best Practices	21
Facilitation of the Plan	
Progress Reporting on the Plan	22
SECTION SEVEN: VISUALIZING THE PLAN	
Appendix A: 10-Year Plan Strategy Cost Analysis Worksheets	39
ADDENDLY R. NEEDS ASSESSMENT DATA	65

Section One

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

The Plan for Washington County

Washington County has developed a new 10-Year Plan to address homelessness. The Plan intends to refocus and amplify our community's existing efforts to support people who are homeless with new "best practice" methods that have a proven record in other 10-Year Plan communities nationwide. There are three fundamentals to the 10-Year Plan:

- 1. Housing First: The inclusive practice of facilitating rapid exits from shelters and life on the streets for all homeless people, regardless of needs and vulnerabilities, directly into affordable housing without undue intermediary steps, screening, or barriers.
- 2. Wrap Around Services: The development of human service interventions and programs linked and coordinated with housing developed from insights into the multidimensional social, medical, and mental health needs of people who are homeless.
- 3. Income Opportunity: Recognition that all homeless people require access to a living wage or public income entitlement for which they qualify if they are to sustain permanent housing for the long term and avoid future episodes of homelessness.

Planning Process

This Plan is the product of a comprehensive process of participatory planning that engaged local public and

leadership, non-profit sector human service providers, formerly homeless individuals, and representatives of citizen aroups in а rigorous analysis Washington County's homelessness problem and a hunt for its solutions. To dovetail these local efforts with the wider to address homelessness campaign statewide, architects of this Plan aligned their goals with the Action Plan to End Homelessness in Oregon developed by Oregon Ending Homelessness Advisory Council.

Goals and Strategies

The 10-Year Plan includes six general goals. Each goal has multiple coordinated strategies of which many are considered national best practices with proven effectiveness in reducing homelessness in other cities and counties nationwide. The goals and strategies are:

GOAL 1: PREVENT PEOPLE FROM BECOMING HOMELESS

Develop new pilot interventions targeted to at-risk renters and individuals in local institutions who are vulnerable to homelessness upon discharge. Invest in short term solutions that are cost-effective measures for preventing the higher costs of homelessness and its social and economic consequences.

GOAL 2: MOVE PEOPLE INTO HOUSING

Create new transitional and short-term rental assistance programs to facilitate rapid exits from homelessness and to provide a temporary bridge to residential



stability that prevents future episodes of homelessness. Complement with expanded permanent and supportive housing options for homeless people with disabilities and for those with extremely low incomes. Engage the private sector or our local housing market as willing partners in housing homeless people.

This Plan is the product of a comprehensive process of participatory planning that engaged local public and non-profit sector leadership, human service providers, formerly homeless individuals, and representatives of citizen groups.

GOAL 3: LINK PEOPLE TO APPROPRIATE SERVICES AND REMOVE BARRIERS

Implement new tools and programs for engaging homeless people into the homeless service system and assessing how to make best matches between their needs and existing community-based services. Meet the emergency daily needs of unsheltered persons in one centralized resource center, link them with housing opportunities, and sustain their stability once in housing through wrap around support services. Provide clearinghouse information that assures available housing resources and other services are fully utilized.

GOAL 4: INCREASE INCOME SUPPORT AND ECONOMIC **OPPORTUNITIES**

Ensure the long-term sustainability of our community's existing job related resources that are tailored to people who are homeless and expand these resources over time. Reduce barriers that prevent homeless people with disabilities from accessing public income entitlements through the SSI/SSDI program and facilitate more rapid access to this resource. Link job opportunities with housing and homeless services.

GOAL 5: EXPAND DATA COLLECTION

Expand the spectrum of organizations that contribute data to our Homeless Management Information System database and widen the kinds of information gathered to include variables reflecting the 10-Year Plan's intended outcomes. Develop systems for using data collected on homelessness to assess the impact of the 10-Year Plan goals and strategies.

GOAL 6: IMPLEMENT PUBLIC EDUCATION ON HOMELESSNESS

Invite concerned citizens and established community groups to participate in a community partnership that coordinates 10-Year Plan strategies with community activism and volunteerism. Publicize status reports on the progress of the 10-Year Plan to a wide readership of the general public and combine with media awareness campaign.

Each goal has multiple coordinated strategies of which many are considered national best practices with proven effectiveness in reducing homelessness in other cities and counties nationwide.

Assessment of Impact

This 10-Year Plan is more than a set of general goals for bettering our community's efforts to address homelessness. It includes multiple specific strategies for new service innovations, pilot initiatives, and practices that will achieve these goals. Also laid out in the Plan are methods for implementation and measures of impact for each respective strategy. Over the next 10 years, the impact measures will periodically be assessed to gage the success that aspects of the Plan are having on reducing homelessness In addition, options for funding the community. respective initiatives and first steps towards implementation for each of them are also outlined in the Plan. Together, these elements of detail and specificity make this plan a working document that is assured to maintain our community's focus on its tasks.

With this 10-Year Plan, Washington County will coordinate a multi-system effort to reduce the likelihood of a slide into homelessness by our community's most vulnerable members. doing, we will raise the profile of the crisis of homelessness across the County and in all sectors of our public service systems and amongst our citizenry. This heightened attention to the issue will assist us in calling for and engaging new financial resources to reach our goals. The collective capacity of our commitment to these goals is greater than the depth of this challenge.

With this 10-Year Plan, Washington County will coordinate a multi-system effort to reduce the likelihood of a slide into homelessness by our community's most vulnerable members.

INTRODUCTION:

Why a 10-Year Plan for Washington County?

In recent years, many in Washington County have come to recognize that homelessness has found a home in our community. This is most evident in the increasing frequency with which needy families seek emergency help from the County's family shelters. In addition, the number of faces of destitute men and women, seen lingering on our roadsides and along the railroad track with clearly nowhere to call home, or camping in makeshift shelters in wooded areas, has also multiplied. In Washington County, public officials, social and family service providers, and local concerned citizens alike have taken notice of these trends. They have come to seek solutions to help these families, men, and women and simultaneously raise awareness that the problem of homelessness no longer belongs only to our County's more populated and urban neighboring communities.

National Examples

Like all solutions to a problem, efforts to end homelessness start with a strong plan. In recent years, leaders Washington County observed communities across the U.S. committed to ending homelessness through 10-Year Plans to End Homelessness. Where at first there were but a few, there were soon 10-Year Plans issued by cities and states nationwide. Many such plans contained new strategies for solving homelessness. A number of them also had methods for measuring the impact of these strategies with proven clear reductions in their numbers of homeless people. In Oregon, the state government issued its own well formulated Action Plan in 2004. In addition, several counties neighboring Washington County, such as Clackamas and Multnomah, put plans into development. In mid-2007, Washington County began work on this, our own 10-Year Plan. Its intent was to both echo specific goals put forth in the state's plan and develop strategies that would be most effective in Washington County.

New Principles

In reviewing how other communities address homelessness, leaders Washington County endorsed overarching policy principle gaining national influence: the idea that homelessness has been addressed for too long as a crisis in need, primarily, of triage or short term management such as emergency shelter or emergency room medical care. Instead, according to this new principle. homelessness recognized as a complex socio-economic problem that requires a multi-part and permanent solution. In Washington County, where recent innovations to address homelessness have included cutting edge models of supportive housing, such as our local Safe Haven Program, this principle was a natural fit with the philosophy of our already developing homeless service system.

Homelessness Hurts

A primary motivation for developing a 10-Year Plan in Washington County was to



either lessen the likelihood that members of our community become homeless or shorten the period of time during which those who experience this crisis must endure it.

This Plan is the product of a comprehensive process of participatory planning that engaged local public and non-profit sector leadership, human service providers, formerly homeless individuals, and representatives of citizen groups.

As homelessness increases in Washington County, so too do its damaging secondary effects on people's quality of life, health, and well being. These include worsened physical and mental health particularly for individuals who already had physical and psychiatric disabilities such as serious mental illness and addiction. Damage is also done to the children of homeless families whose lives are thrown into upheaval, often for extended months at a time. Repercussions include health and mental health problems, such as anxiety disorders, and interruptions to their participation in school and ability to learn. For persons who are working or seeking employment, homelessness challenges their ability to maintain or secure jobs that will pay a living wage. In general, the practical, social, and emotional challenges of living without a home in Washington County create extraordinary challenges for all who experience this crisis.

Homelessness Costs

Also a contributing motivation for developing a 10-Year Plan in Washington County is avoidance of the fiscal expenses that accumulate for the County when homelessness persists. For one, the local emergency shelter system, in itself, is an expensive intervention that was designed for very short term stays to be cost effective. When families stay for prolonged periods of time, as they increasingly do in Washington County, the cost effectiveness of this service is lost. In addition, as is true nationwide, homeless people are frequent users of Washington

County's hospital emergency rooms and medical services; a high cost service because they lack relationships with regular preventative health care. In addition, homeless people create costs for local enforcement when law their loitering disturbances lead to calls for police attention. Without long-term solutions available community, local law enforcement expend resources on homelessness without helping to solve the underlying problems.

Other homelessness induced costs are in evidence for the County's corrections and education system. For one, those homeless men and women who were once incarcerated locally are more likely to return to Washington County's jail, at considerable expense, than their counterparts who find housing after release. In addition, the local public school systems are burdened with the need to find psychological and educational supports homeless students. In general, homelessness forces many local service systems such as these to pay into managing the costs of homelessness and its effects. Through the 10-Year Plan, Washington County is setting out to invest in interventions that will solve the problem and lessen the burden overall that homelessness creates on our community.

Through the 10-Year Plan, Washington County is setting out to invest in interventions that will solve the problem and lessen the burden overall that homelessness creates on our community.

New Solutions

Yet another factor motivating Washington County to create this Plan is the current opportunity to borrow from new solutions to ending homelessness being tried and proven in other communities. Across the country, many cities and counties have used 10-Year Plans to map out new or redirected paths towards lessening the likelihood that people will become homeless and shortening the experience of The example of these other homelessness.

communities provides Washington County with a general sense of direction for the growth and development of the relatively new network of homeless services in our community.

Section Three

PARTICIPATORY PLANNING:

The Process for Developing the Plan

The Washington County 10-Year Plan has many authors. It synthesizes views of stakeholders at multiple levels and sectors of local government, non-profit service organizations, and citizen volunteer groups. To effectively draw upon the insights and expertise of this rich diversity of participants, a multi-step participatory planning process To enhance regional collabdevised. oration, representatives from neighboring Multnomah County participated with local stakeholders on how best to complement efforts underway in the more central and urban region that abuts Washington County.

Planning Forums

The Washington County 10-Year Plan planning process engaged local stakeholders in a series of forums and roundtables that took place between October, 2007 and March, 2008. In these planning forums, participants studied current national and local trends in homelessness, identified unmet needs in Washington County, considered newest innovations and national best practices in homelessness interventions, and consulted with 10-Year Plans produced other communities. Ultimately, they used these forums to collectively devise practical and cost effective strategies most likely to succeed in Washington County.

Alignment with State Planning Efforts

At the outset of the planning process, planners in Washington County recog-

nized the importance of matching local efforts with those underway at the state level. Accordingly, they aligned their local intentions to the goals set out in the Action Plan to End Homelessness in Oregon developed by the Oregon Ending Homelessness Advisory Council. Reviewed were specifics of the state's vision, mission, parameters, values, and action plan goals. This process ensured that the Plan strategies developed in Washington County included the state's intentions such as the goal of using data and outcome based models to end homelessness and that of improving cross-system planning and policies that end homelessness.

Needs Assessment

The 10-Year Plan planning process began with comprehensive Homelessness Needs Assessment. This project included reviews of data, from both local and national sources, on poverty, the housing market, income, causes of homelessness, and growth of homelessness in Washington County. This needs assess-ment also investigated the unique experiences of specific subpopulations including homeless families, seniors, Latinos, chronically homeless people, individuals leaving correctional institutions, and single homeless individuals living in wooded areas and along the railroad corridor that runs through Washington County. Also studied were inventories of existing resources in the County for affordable housing and the extent to which these are



accessible and utilized by homeless people. Within this analysis, planners looked at the allocations of federal money for housing and homelessness programs in the County, numbers of beds in shelter and units of housing set aside for homeless people, and waiting list figures and trends for both emergency shelter and local affordable housing.

Plan Representation

The Washington County 10-Year Plan planning process had widespread participation. were community leaders, citizen volunteers, formerly homeless people, shelter directors, local experts in services for the homeless, and state and county officials. Participants were organized into two groupings: the plan's leadership and the plan's architects. To bridge these two realms, individual leaders were selected from among the Plan's architects to serve as liaisons with the Plan's leadership. These liaisons also formed their own peer roundtable to facilitate communication between those who were generating ideas and to send those ideas up to the Plan's leadership.

Plan Leaders

Recognizing that an effective 10-Year Plan requires engaging a range of community leaders associated with the myriad issues that intersect to create homelessness, Washington County organized a 10-Year Plan Leadership Group. This group oversaw the planning process from the outset and was tasked with galvanizing support for the plan's strategies in multiple local sectors. The Leadership Group was comprised of senior representatives from county and state agencies, law enforcement, school districts, housing agencies, hospitals, and local service organizations. Also represented were leaders of civic volunteer groups and representatives of local corporations.

Plan Architects

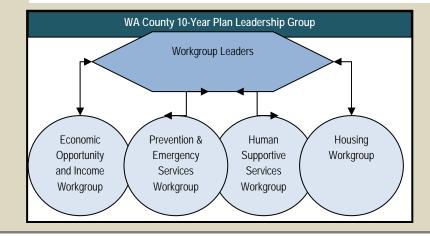
The specific strategies outlined in the Washington County 10-Year Plan were designed by the service experts participating in the Plan workgroups. Specialists in the fields of human services, education, housing, corrections, Veteran Affairs, youth programming, homelessness outreach, mental health, HIV/AIDS and public health were recruited for their expertise. They were then

Leadership Group	Plan Champions
Workgroup Leaders	Plan
Four Workgroups	Architects

organized into four workgroups. The work groups met throughout the fall and winter of 2007 and into early months of 2008 to choose and prioritize specific strategies for the Plan.

Workgroup I: Prevention & Emergency Services

The Prevention and Emergency Workgroup identified the most common tracks into homelessness in Washington County and pinpointed the most at-risk subpopulations. workgroup first considered which groups entering our community's shelter and transitional housing could have avoided homelessness. From there, the workgroup examined what national best practices for prevention would be most effective in helping these groups avoid homelessness.



Workgroup II: Housing

The Housing Workgroup examined trends in affordability of local housing stock and identified barriers to access for homeless people. They also set specific goals for increasing the number of affordable and supportive housing units that can be made accessible to people who are homeless.

In addition, they identified new practices for making existing resources more accessible to homeless people and the housing finance mechanisms needed to achieve their goals.

Plar	Planning Process Calendar: WA County 10-Year Plan				
September 2007 Homelessness Needs Assessment		Homelessness Needs Assessment			
October	2007	Board of Commissioners Announcement			
October	2007	Preliminary Leadership Group Summit			
October	2007	Workgroup Kick Off Sessions			
November	2007	Workgroup Monthly Planning Sessions			
November	2007	Workgroup Leader Meetings			
December	2007	Workgroup Monthly Planning Sessions			
December	2007	Workgroup Leader Meetings			
January	2008	Workgroup Monthly Planning Sessions			
January	2008	Workgroup Monthly Planning Sessions			
February	2008	Workgroup Leader Meetings			
April	2008	Final Leadership Group Summit			
May	2008	10-Year Plan Dissemination			

Workgroup III. Human Supportive Services

The Human Supportive Services Workgroup examined how existing service systems intersect with the homeless system and assessed the efficacy and adequacy of services delivered at emergency, transitional, and permanent housing stages. The workgroup identified unmet needs and developed models for delivering immediate and long term supportive services to all homeless populations in Washington County.

Workgroup IV: Economic Opportunity/Income Support

The Economic Opportunity and Income Support Workgroup examined the need for increasing job opportunities and access to income entitlements for homeless people. This workgroup took up the concern for how homeless people can increase their chances of earning a living wage and affording to pay steady rent in our community. assessed the extent of local job opportunities for homeless and formerly homeless people to increase their incomes. In addition, the workgroup explored national best practice models for improving access to the income entitlements of SSI and TANF.

10-Year Plan Workgroups				
I	Homelessness Prevention and Emergency Services Workgroup			
II	II Housing Workgroup			
III	Human Supportive Services Workgroup			
IV.	Economic Opportunity and Income Support Workgroup			

Section Four

REALITY ASSESSMENT:

Homelessness in Washington County Today

Washington County is one of 36 counties in Oregon. Lying just west of the City of Portland, it captures 25 percent of the Portland-Vancouver metropolitan area. The County includes four moderate sized cities as well as expansive open space. In total, the County has 723 square miles. Long considered a rural area, the County only recently experienced significant population growth and, with it, rapid urbanization in concentrated areas.

New growth in Washington County brought many changes including some of the social and economic pressures that formerly belonged only to neighboring counties to the east. Among these trends is our relatively new and persistent problem of homelessness among our most vulnerable citizens.

Homeless Numbers Rising

In recent years, the number of homeless people has risen steadily in Washington County. This is most in evidence each year through improved outreach when a team of local human service providers carries out our One Night Count of all homeless individuals and families who can be found in the community. The counting team has seen that number rise from less than 200 people found in 2002 to six times as many identified only a half a decade later.¹

COUNTY POPULATION GROWTH 2

- 1. The population of WA County was 514,269 persons in the 2006 census.
- 2.WA County's growth rate was 43 percent from 1990 to 2000 which is nearly double that of Oregon.
- 3.WA County experienced a 43 percent increase in the number of children during the last decade.
- 4.WA County ranked second among the four counties in the region for population growth during the 1990s (Clark County surpassed WA County by only two percentage points).

Particularly concerning has been the steady rise, especially since 2005, in the number of families within the group who are found to be homeless in our County. Today, relative to other areas of Oregon, our County's school systems have the third highest number of enrolled students counted as homeless.³ A lengthening waiting list for emergency shelter for homeless families in Washington County reflects this trend.⁴

Rent Burdens

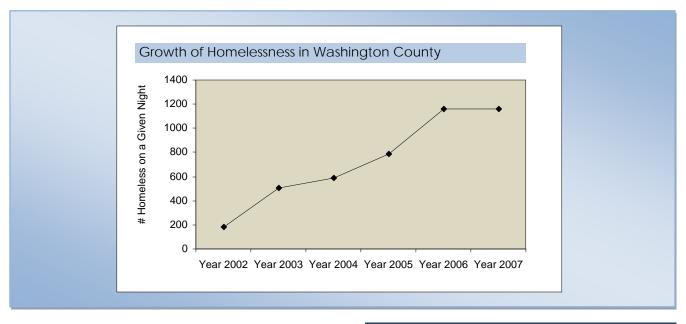
It is widely agreed that the single most common factor contributing to home-

¹ WA County One Night Count of Homeless Population; 2002-

² WA County Housing Study and Data, Population Research Center, Portland State University, 2003

³ Oregon Department of Education; Enrolled K-12 Homeless Student Data Collection

⁴ Community Action, Washington County, Waiting List for All Local Family Shelters



lessness in Washington County is the financial burden of rents that cost too much. A typical catalyst into homelessness for a rent burdened household in our community is some form of small crisis such as a change in income, a rent increase, or an unanticipated medical expense which tips the precarious balance maintained between housing costs and income. The risk for homelessness associated with being rent burdened is prevalent for homeless individuals and families in Washington County.5 For persons with disabilities, making ends meet with only monthly checks for SSI disability income, the rent burden in Washington County can make most housing options beyond their reach.6

The backdrop to these housing affordability problems in Washington County is the recent population growth which brought changes to our housing market making many new housing developments and formerly affordable sectors of our existing rental housing out of reach to our lowest income renters.

Who is Homeless?

In many respects, people who are homeless in Washington County reflect the diversity of faces of homeless people nationwide and the growing racial and ethnic diversity of Washington County and As with all of the U.S., Oregon at large. Washington County's homeless population has high representations of people with disabilities, youth, and persons leaving medical and correctional institutions with no home to which they can return.

Counties in Oregon with Highest Homeless	2006-2007 Homeless Student
Student Counts	Count: Hi to Low ⁷
Multnomah	2,838
Lane	1,965
Washington	1,640
Jackson	1,503
Marion	1,168
Clackamas	782
Deschutes	735
Linn	566
Klamath	480
Douglas	467

⁵ WA County One Night Count of Homeless Population; 2002-2007 6 National Low Income Housing Coalition, Out of Reach Report, 2007

⁷ Oregon Department of Education, Enrolled K-12 Homeless Student Data Collection

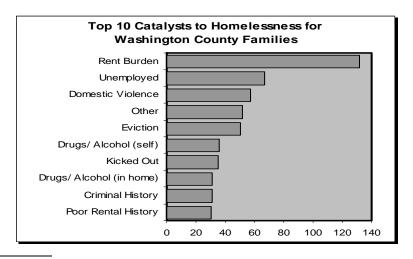
RENT BURDENED HOUSEHOLDS 8

1.	% of renters in WA County is:	39%
2.		\$638
		\$737
		\$1,073
		11%
6.		\$25,520
		\$29,480
8.	Annual income needed to afford 3 bedroom FMR:	\$42,920
		34%
		\$390
	# work hours needed/ week to afford 1 bedroom:	65
		\$603
		\$181

While Washington County's homeless population generally reflects national demographic trends, the County has some distinctions that set it apart from the national profile. For one, Washington County has a slightly higher proportion of families relative to homeless single individuals.9 In addition, the County has a slightly higher proportion of are considered individuals who chronically homeless meaning their life on the streets or in the woods has persisted for years or that they have experienced multiple repeated episodes homelessness. 10

Other Causes of Homelessness

In addition to the burden of unaffordable rents and the lack of affordable housing options to which stressed households can turn, there are a constellation of other factors contributing homelessness in Washington County. These include domestic violence, problems with untreated drug and alcohol addiction, barriers to housing for individuals without the background to prove their candidacy as good tenants, and unmet needs for coordinated support services for individuals disabled with serious and chronic issues such as mental illness.11



⁸ National Low Income Housing Coalition, Out of Reach Report, 2007 9 U.S. Department of HUD, The Homeless in America: A Profile Based on the First Annual Homeless Assessment Report, 2005 10 Ibid

¹¹ WA County One Night Count of Homeless Population; 2002-2007

Section Five

WASHINGTON COUNTY TOMORROW:

10-Year Plan Goals and Strategies

Six Goals

Our community's 10-Year Plan has six general goals to be attained over the course of the next decade in Washington Each goal is correlated with County. several specific strategies -- many of which are drawn from the examples of other 10-Year Plan communities in Oregon and in others nationwide. Some of these strategies are new initiatives requiring resourceful pursuit of federal state as well resources investments from private contributors. Others will come about by shifting the existing resources in our community and investing in "pilot" initiatives that, when proven, will invite funding from outside partners. In other cases, the 10-Year Plan strategies call only for implementing new policies or practices that will, in and of themselves, better our impact on homelessness without requiring new funding. All of the goals and strategies in the 10-Year Plan were chosen for their proven track record. their costeffectiveness, and their likelihood of addressing the root cause of homelessness. Taken together, these strategies will significantly amplify our community's commitment to reducing homelessness.

Goal 1

Prevent People from Becoming Homeless

Our 10-Year Plan will develop and implement a series of new initiatives to

prevent vulnerable households individuals from becoming homeless and entering a cycle of exacerbated health, social, and economic problems. prevention measures will focus on at-risk households and invest in problem-solving, referral, and crisis intervention that is inexpensive relative to the costs of homelessness. For example, households that have been served eviction papers for nonpayment of rent by their landlords will be referred by the local court to a service intervention designed to help solve the crisis jeopardizing their tenancy or to identify a housing alternative. In addition, landlords in our community will have a point-of-contact to assist them in resolving problems with very low-income tenants who are vulnerable to homelessness.

Furthermore, our local institutions such as our hospitals, detoxification units, and corrections facilities will also participate in prevention activity designed to identify individuals leaving such institutions at discharge with no home to which they can Cross-trainings of staff in the homeless service system and staff within these local medical and correctional institutions will help stem the trend of to homelessness. discharges Complementing these interventions will be our expanded inventory of affordable housing and supportive housing providing more alternatives for financially stressed households to find less rent-burdened housing arrangements and reduce the likelihood that they will become homeless.



Move People into Housina

The 10-Year Plan considers affordable and supportive housing as the primary solutions to the problem of homelessness in our community. In the next ten years, we will take a number of steps to create new housing opportunities for homeless people and redirect some of our existing resources towards housing that meets the needs of homeless people. The plan is built around the concept of "housing first" whereby homeless people are linked quickly and efficiently with housing without undue intermediary steps or barriers. Specific new programs will include directing long-term rental assistance to homeless people and creating new pools of transitional and short-term subsidies to be used by individuals in shelters and living on the streets to exit homelessness rapidly and establish residential stability. Also to be expanded is the inventory of supportive housing tailored for homeless persons with disabilities such as serious mental illness. Due to the high cost of new development in Washington County that is attributable in part to increased land values, the housing strategy will focus on acquisition and rehabilitation whenever it is most cost-effective.

In addition to creating new housing units specifically for homeless people, our community will take steps to develop rental housing that is set aside for very low income individuals, who earn less than 30 percent of our area's' median income, in general. To complement efforts at expanding opportunities for homeless people, a concerted effort will also be made to attract and maintain private market landlords as participants in our rental assistance programs through the creation of a landlord risk mitigation fund and landlord access to case management staff. These strategies will encourage landlords to allow greater flexibility in their screening criteria and to rent more willingly to formerly homeless people.

Goal 3

Link People to Appropriate Services and Remove Barriers

The 10-Year Plan outlines several new service strategies to support the large proportion of homeless people in our community who require more than simply housing to resolve their homelessness. Central to these strategies will be a Unified Assessment System that aligns homeless families and individuals to appropriate services and In conjunction, an on-line Roadmap Resource Directory of all services and housing available in the County will be developed to assist homeless people, providers, advocates and the community at-large to work together in prevention of homelessness and support homeless persons to obtain housing and move towards self-sufficiency.

All of the goals and strategies in the 10-Year Plan were chosen for their proven track record, their costeffectiveness, and their likelihood of addressing the root cause of homelessness.

In conjunction, a one-stop Homeless Resource Center where individuals and families who are homeless and their advocates can connect with multiple service providers in one centralized and well equipped location. To engage homeless individuals who are currently not linked with any services and are camped in our woods and along our railroad tracks, a new outreach team will bring the most hard-to-reach populations into the network of existing support services and link them directly with housing. For those single adults who require emergency housing, the Resource Center will be able to offer short-term emergency interim housing.

Among existing resources for low income people in general, particular effort will be made to better the access that homeless and formerly homeless people have to food and nutrition programs, child care, and Veterans Administration services.

Goal 4

Increase Income Support and Economic **Opportunities**

The 10-Year Plan recognizes that each homeless person in the County requires some source of steady living wage income, either through a public entitlement program or via employment, to resolve homelessness and to maintain housing for the long term. For those who can work, the primary strategy will be to expand and sustain the existing Housing Education Linking Partners Program such that it can continue to provide employment and life skills training for homeless people and can serve more homeless people in the future. In addition, the Plan intends to help position homeless people to be more ready to take advantage of mainstream and community-based employment services that exist in the County by offering better access to child care and to a means of obtaining personal identification cards.

For those homeless people who have a disability such as mental illness, the Plan includes several strategies for increasing their access to SSI/SSDI. These include making the County a local host for training of case managers on how to assemble successful SSI applications for homeless people and developing a small cadre of specialists trained to work with any homeless applicant in the County and increase their chances of qualifying. In the realm of generating jobs, the Plan calls for recruiting the private sector business community into "Job Fairs" at the annual Project Homeless Connect event. Employers will also be recruited to participate in a new supported employment strategy targeted to homeless individuals who have difficulty retaining employment.

Goal 5

Expand Data Collection

The 10-Year Plan includes multiple new strategies. pilot initiatives, and policy changes. To understand the relative impact of these plans and related general trends about the paths into and out of homelessness in our community, empirical data will be required. To meet this need, the Plan will establish the Homeless Management Information System (HMIS) as the delivery system for data collection of unsheltered and sheltered homeless persons. While the HMIS already exists, it will be expanded to include a wider number of communitybased users to ensure a comprehensive data compilation pertaining to homeless persons receiving services within the County.

Another source for disseminating data will be the Housing and Supportive Services Network (HSSN) monthly meetings where the quantified impacts of 10-Year Plan strategies will be regularly assessed. In addition, the County will continue submitting local data for use in the Annual Homeless Assessment Report (AHAR) that is provided to the federal government.

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Implement Public Education on Homelessness

The final goal of our 10-Year Plan is to build support in our community amongst local citizens for the strategies in the 10-Year Plan and to use the commitment of those citizen groups that already exist to enhance our response to homelessness. Among our first public education strategies will be a media campaign designed to demystify the truth about who is homeless and why they become homeless in our community. The 10-Year Plan will use this campaign and other methods to engage citizen, private, public and nonprofit business partners in facilitating the development of specific strategies in the Plan. Ongoing communications with any interested citizen constituencies will include an annual report on the status of the 10-Year Plan, addressed to the Washington County Board of Commissioners, which will be made available to the public. In addition, education about the 10-Year Plan will extend to homeless and formerly homeless people themselves who will be encouraged to participate in consumer advisory activities and other leadership roles within organizations serving home-less people.

Section Six

IMPLEMENTATION:

Making the Plan a Reality

The 10-Year Plan has a clear roadmap for its implementation. It includes tools for organizing details of the Plan, stated specifics pertaining to goals and intended outcomes, an organizational system identified to oversee implementation, timeframes, and reporting methods that will communicate progress of the Plan to all relevant constituencies.

The Matrix of Strategies

Each strategy in the Plan is detailed in the Matrix of Strategies found in the Visualizing the Plan section of this report. On this matrix, the Plan's specific recommended strategies are each correlated with methods for implementation, measures of success, funding options, estimated cost, and the responsible for facilitating implementation. Strategies on the Matrix identify anticipated timeframe for their implementation with goals set for the specific year over the course of the 10-Year Plan that each strategy will come to fruition. This Matrix will be the primary reference used by all parties involved in the Plan's implementation. It will be regularly updated to reflect changes in intentions or modifications to the strategies.

Implementation of National Best Practices

A subset of the strategies in the Plan can be considered national best practices which have been replicated in other parts of the U.S. The architects of the Washington County 10-Year Plan arrived at these strategies after studying the homelessness interventions of neighboring counties in Oregon and then extending that perspective to include other cities and counties nationwide. To identify those national practices that would be most feasible in Washington County, the architects read and compared other 10-Year Plans, attended a national conference on ending homelessness, investigated specific projects of interest, and read literature summarizing and comparing the merits of various practices.

A subset of the strategies in the Plan are considered national best practices with proven effectiveness in other parts of country.

Implementation of the national best practices in the Plan will begin with reviews of literature published on these practices and with direct consultation to local government officials and community-based organizations in other parts of the U.S. with experience implementing these ideas. Representatives from Washington County will identify contact people for each practice, learn details of their programs, and develop implementation plans that reflect the experience of national practitioners. This process will be carried out for the following practices in the Plan:

- 1. Court-based Homelessness Diversion Specialist
- 2. Homelessness Prevention Practiced by Medical and Correctional Institutions
- 3. Housing First Long-Term Rental Assistance
- 4. Short-Term Shallow Rental Subsidies as Temporary Bridges Out of Homelessness
- 5. Long-Term Supportive Housing for Disabled Homeless
- 6. Finance Mechanisms to Increase Housing for Extremely Low Income Persons
- 7. Risk Retention Pool to Protect Landlord Relationships
- 8. Assertive Homeless Outreach and Engagement
- 9. One-Stop Resource Center for Homeless People with Service Linkages
- 10. Interim Housing Beds in Lieu of Emergency Shelter
- 11. Local Homeless Resource and Housing Vacancy List Roadmap
- 12. Unified Housing Screening Tool
- 13. SSI/SSDI Application Specialist Cadre
- 14. SSI/SSDI Outreach Access and Recovery **Training**
- 15. Expanded Data Collection on Homelessness Trends
- 16. Use of Data to Assess Impact of Programs and Systems
- 17. Public Education Media Campaign on Homelessness

Key to the success of the 10-Year Plan will be regular reporting to all participants in the 10-Year Plan planning process about its progress.

Facilitation of the Plan

While many agencies will be engaged in implementation of the 10-Year Plan, there will be one primary group overseeing progress and strategizing to meet the Plan's goals. This leadership will be provided by the existing Washington County Housing and Support Services Network (HSSN) which is made up of leaders

representing all of the primary organizations and local government offices that interface with homelessness. This group will continue its calendar of monthly meetings and include activity related to the 10-Year Plan on its regular agenda. In addition, responsibility for planning specifics of individual strategies of the 10-Year Plan will be assumed by the agency identified as responsible in the Matrix of Strategies.

Progress Reporting on the Plan

Key to the success of the 10-Year Plan will be regular reporting on the Plan's progress to all participants in the 10-Year Plan planning process. On an annual basis, an Interim Report to the County Board of Commissioners on the status of the 10-Year Plan will be issued and made available to all of the Plan's participants and the public at large.

In addition, an Advisory Committee made up of members of the 10-Year Plan's Leadership Group and participants in the Workgroups will be formed. This group will meet to review and evaluate the progress of the Plan, critically review the Interim Report, make updates to the Matrix, and chart the next year's course of action.

Section Seven

VISUALIZING THE PLAN:

A Matrix of the Strategies

Goals and Strategies Matrix Prepared by: Annette Evans, Washington County Housing Services

Goal 1: Prevent People from Becoming Homeless	24
Goal 2: Move People into Housing	27
Goal 3: Link People to Appropriate Services and Remove Barriers	3
Goal 4: Increase Income Support and Economic Opportunities	34
Goal 5: Expand Data Collection	36
Goal 6: Implement Public Education on Homelessness	37

Goal 1

Prevent People from Becoming Homeless

ID	TASK NAME	METHODS	MEASURES OF IMPACT	START-END DATE	COST & POTENTIAL SOURCES	RESPONSIBLE AGENCY(S)
1.1	Create a <i>Universal Point of Referral for At-risk Tenancies</i> to be used by service providers and landlords to increase alternative housing options for at-risk tenancies.	a) Define the point of referral process.b) Provide training and communication on process to homeless providers.	Reduction rate to number of at-risk households becoming homeless. Number of households that are served by this intervention and avert homelessness as a result.	Year 1 - 10	\$ 573,194 10 Years Fund: Community Action	Community Action, HSSN
1.2	Staff a Homelessness Diversion Specialist position to counsel tenants facing eviction on (1) problem-solving with their landlords to retain their housing and (2) accessing emergency rental assistance or other services that can avert homelessness.	a) Develop a position and process to work with Evictions Court, tenants, and landlords. b) Implement process and begin working case load.	Reduction rate in number of households facing eviction who lose their housing. (4,222 cases processed in 2007) Number of households in Eviction Court served by this intervention and who avert losing their housing as a result.	Year 1 Year 2 - 10	\$ 0 1 Year \$ 507,955 9 Years Fund: Local/State/Fe deral, Foundation	Community Action, Oregon Department of Justice, Beaverton Dispute Resolution, Hillsboro Dispute Resolution, HSSN
1.3	Develop Homelessness Prevention Strategies and Staff Trainings to be used by local public institutions such as hospitals and jails to diminish the likelihood of discharge into homelessness.	 a) Identify discharge plans for institutions and barriers to discharge effectively, track recidivism of homeless through jail and hospitals. b) Institutions track # of discharges to no address, transitional housing (e.g. Oxford, etc.). 	Reduction rate in number of discharges from medical and correctional institutions directly to homelessness. Decrease in numbers of homeless people served by local homeless CoC that were recently in institutions.	Year 1	\$ 0	HSSN Subcommittees, Hospital, Jail, Foster Care, Mental Health,
1.3.c		c) Implement discharge system to track recidivism of homeless through jail and hospitals to develop housing placement and supportive service plan to stop the cycle of homelessness (discharge team may include housing provider, service provider, Jail staff, Washington County Housing Services, Outreach, etc.)		Year 2 - 10	\$ 0	HSSN Subcommittees, Hospital, Jail, Foster Care, Mental Health,

	Goal 1: Prevent People from Becoming Homeless						
ID	TASK NAME	METHODS	MEASURES OF IMPACT	START-END DATE	COST & POTENTIAL SOURCES	RESPONSIBLE AGENCY(S)	
1.4	Expand Rental Education Programs that increase the likelihood that homeless people, who obtain permanent housing, will ultimately be successful and stable as tenants and not repeat their cycle through homelessness.	a) Expand the number and frequency of tenant education programs offered. b) Increase # of clients completing tenant education programs	Number of graduates of intervention. Numbers of graduates who ultimately sustain permanent housing for at least one year after exiting homelessness. Number of graduates who do not repeat their experiences with homelessness.	Year 2 - 10	\$ 315,000 9 Years Fund: OHCS, County Shelter Safety Levy, Local/State/Fe deral, Foundation	Community Action, HSSN	
1.5	Reduce Barriers to State Programs through participation at the Oregon Ending Homelessness Advisory Council.	a) Raise awareness of barriers to state programs and provide input on solutions to the Governor's Council.	Extent of consistent engagement in state Advisory Council. Number of local representatives participating in the state Advisory Council.	Year 1 - 10	\$ 0	Washington County Housing Services	
1.6	Establish a Homeless Consumer Group, which will be made up of local homeless and formerly homeless individuals, to participate in the local continuum of care programs and community groups on the direction of plans related to housing and service programs.	a) Solicit homeless consumer representation to participate in the HSSN, the Consolidated Plan, the Interfaith Committee on Homelessness, agency Board positions, and forums.	Number of community based organizations that have regular consumer participation by homeless people. Number of homeless people who are actively participating in consumer advisory activities.	Year 1 – 10	\$ 0	HSSN, OCD, ICH, Nonprofit Project Sponsors	
1.7	Provide Family Mediation and Reunification Services that prevent youth from becoming homeless.	a) Increase family mediation and reunification services available to families in the community. b) Develop a drop-in center for youth to access services.	Reduction rate of homelessness among at-risk youth. Number of youth who participate in intervention and avert homelessness as a result.	Year 1 - 10	\$ 0	Boys and Girls Aid, Commission on Children and Families, Washington County Mental Health, Lifeworks NW, McKinney-Vento Homeless Student Liaison	

	Goal 1: Prevent People from Becoming Homeless							
ID	TASK NAME	METHODS	MEASURES OF IMPACT	START-END DATE	COST & POTENTIAL SOURCES	RESPONSIBLE AGENCY(S)		
1.7.c		c) Expand HomePlate program coordinator position from .5 FTE to 1.0 FTE to increase HomePlate's outreach and resource referral program. Currently open one night per week.	Increase in the number of youth served by intervention and resource referral as a result of program expansion. Number of youth who participate in intervention and avert homelessness as a result.	Year 1 - 10	\$530,880 FTE (Matched with \$22,000 from RHY grant) Fund: Washington County Commission on Children and Families	HomePlate, Commission on Children and Families, Boys and Girls Aid, Hillsboro First Congregational United Church of Christ, McKinney- Vento Homeless Student Liaisons, Faith-based Volunteers		
1.8	Create an efficient and effective system for Runaway and Homeless Youth (RHY) to access resources and short-term shelter.	a) Develop sustainable operating funds for youth shelter (7 beds).	Number of RHY who access shelter Number of RHY who exit to safe and stable housing.	Year 1 - 10	\$5 million 10 Years Fund: CDBG, OR-CCF, Foundation, Other federal/ state/local	Boys and Girls Aid Society		

Goal 2

Move People into Housing

ID	TASK NAME	METHODS	MEASURES OF IMPACT	START-END DATE	COST & POTENTIAL SOURCES	RESPONSIBLE AGENCY(S)
2.1	Using Housing First model, increase availability of <i>Rental Assistance</i> for new permanent supportive housing units within existing housing stock.	a) CHRONIC SINGLES: 36 units (1-bed)/10 years Tenant-based rental assistance for chronic singles through leverage of McKinney-Vento Samaritan Bonus (5-year initial grant with ongoing renewal).	 Number of homeless households that exit homelessness as a result of this housing opportunity. Number of homeless who retain permanent supportive housing ≥12 months. Number of homeless who exit the program for other permanent housing. 	Year 1-10 9 units - Year 1 3 units annual – Years 2 through 10	\$1.5 million 10 years Fund = HUD McKinney- Vento	Washington County Housing Services, SPC Service Providers
2.1.b		b) SINGLES & COUPLE W/O CHILDREN: 100 units (1-bed)/10 years Project-based Section 8 vouchers; linked to case management and supportive services	 Number of homeless households that exit homelessness as a result of this housing opportunity. Number of homeless who retain permanent supportive housing ≥12 months. Number of homeless who exit the program for other permanent housing. 	Year 2 – 50 units Year 5 – 50 units	\$6.9 million Vouchers \$1.0 million Services 10 years Fund = HUD; Reprogram existing tenant based vouchers and assign to specific property sites through RFP process (e.g 20% of total # units not to exceed 25 units)	Housing Authority, Housing Providers, Service Providers
2.1.c		c) HIGH-NEED FAMILIES WITH CHILDREN (1–36 months): 100 units (2-, 3-, 4-bed)/10 years Rental assistance program linked through the Bridges To Housing and/or Housing PLUS programs	 Number of homeless households that exit homelessness as a result of this housing opportunity. Number of homeless who retain permanent supportive housing ≥12 months. Number of homeless who exit the program for other permanent affordable housing. 	Year 1-10 10 units annual	\$2.5 million 10 years (10% Admin) Fund = Neighborhoo d Partnership Fund, federal/state/ local funds.	Service Providers, Washington County Housing Services, Housing Providers, OR-DHS

	Goal 2: Move People into Housing								
ID	TASK NAME	METHODS	MEASURES OF IMPACT	START-END DATE	COST & POTENTIAL SOURCES	RESPONSIBLE AGENCY(S)			
2.1.d		d) RENTAL ASSISTANCE - SINGLES & FAMILIES (1-36 months): 285 units (\$6000+/year)/10 years Rental assistance program; linked to intense case management and supportive services.	 Number of homeless households that exit homelessness as a result of this housing opportunity. Number of homeless who retain permanent supportive housing ≥12 months. Number of homeless who exit the program for other permanent affordable housing. 	Year 1-10 15 units - Year 1 45 - Year 2 75 - Year 3 90 rotating annual - Years 4 to 10	\$5.9 million 10 years (3% inflation & 10% Admin) Fund: % Document Recording Fee, Local Funds	Washington County Housing Services, Housing Trust Fund, Community Action, Service Providers			
2.1.e		e) OLDER YOUTH (1-24 mo) 30 units/10 years Implement Housing Program serving older youth (single adults ages 18 to 23) linked to case management, education, employment, transportation, and other supportive services.	Number of homeless youth that exit homelessness or avert homelessness as a result of this housing opportunity. Number of homeless youth that exit Transitional Housing for permanent affordable housing.	Year 1 – 10 6 units/7 beds annual	\$1.4 million 10 Years Fund: HUD McKinney- Vento, Boys and Girls Aid	Boys and Girls Aid, HSSN			
2.2	Create Short-term Emergency Rental Assistance combined with support services targeted to homeless families and homeless singles to facilitate rapid exits from homelessness and create a supported bridge back into the private housing market.	a) SHORT-TERM RENTAL ASSISTANCE - SINGLES & FAMILIES (1-12 mo): 1,400 units (\$3,500+/year)/10 years Shallow rent program to serve as a "bridge" to provide stability and support rapid re-housing linked to case management and services.	Number of homeless households that exit homelessness as a result of this housing opportunity. Number of homeless who exit the program prior to six months for other permanent affordable housing. Number of homeless who exit the program at 12 months for other permanent affordable housing.	Year 1 – 10 140 units annual	\$6.2 million 10 years (10% Admin) Fund: Document Recording Fee, Local Funds, LIRHA, EFSP CDBG	Washington County Housing Services, Community Housing Fund, Community Action, Service Providers			
2.3	Create new Permanent Affordable Supportive Housing units.	a) DISABLED HOMELESS SINGLES: 45 units (1-bed)/10 years Section 811 Program	Number of homeless households that exit homelessness as a result of this housing opportunity. Rate of housing retention for participants in this housing program.	15 units – Year 3 15 units – Year 5 15 units – Year 7	\$11.7 million 10 years Funds: Capital \$8.78 million HUD Balance: Local/State,LI THC, Bonds, Foundation	Nonprofit Housing Providers, Service Providers			

	Goal 2: Move People into Housing								
ID	TASK NAME	METHODS	MEASURES OF IMPACT	START-END DATE	COST & POTENTIAL SOURCES	RESPONSIBLE AGENCY(S)			
2.4	Increase Permanent Affordable Housing for Extremely Low Income households (i.e. those earning less than or equal to 30% of Area Median Income)	a) Develop new and acquire rehab units, including Bridges To Housing. 50 units/10 years	Number of homeless households that exit homelessness as a result of this housing opportunity. Rate of housing retention for participants in this housing program.	Year 1 – 10 5 units annual	\$12.6 million 10 years \$10 million Capital Fund = National Housing Trust Fund, OHCS, Private, Donated land, City/County/ Faith-Based, Bond/tax credits, HOME, SDC waivers, Building Permit waivers, other State/Local funds	Community Housing Fund, Community Development Corporation, Housing (nonprofit and private) Developers, Washington County Office of Community Development, Washington County Housing Services, Oregon Housing and Community Services, Commercial Lenders, Enterprise			
2.5	Create a <i>Risk Mitigation Pool</i> of funding that can be accessed by landlords to cover property damage caused by homeless persons.	a) Allow 15 units above the current program (Ready to Rent). b) Re-evaluate Program in Year 5.	Number of housing units that are preserved in the homeless inventory and not lost when landlords cease their participation due to property damage.	Year 1 – 5	\$300,000 Fund = Local/State, Private	RFP to identify Agency(ies) to manage program.			
2.6	Identify resources to Preserve Existing Inventory of Affordable and Supportive Housing.	Strategic investments to acquire and preserve existing affordable units at risk of "going to market rate" 508 units.	Number of housing units that are preserved in inventory to prevent homelessness.	Year 1 – 2 97 units Year 1 188 units Year 2	\$9.6 million 2 years Fund: NOAH's new Revolving Loan Fund for acquisition of expiring use properties, Community Housing Fund as leveraging Metro	Community Development Corporation, NOAH, Community Housing Fund, Oregon Housing and Community Services, Housing Providers, Washington County Housing Services			

	Goal 2: Move People into Housing							
ID	D L LASK NAME L METHODS L MEASURES OF IMPACT		START-END DATE	COST & POTENTIAL SOURCES	RESPONSIBLE AGENCY(S)			
2.6.b		b) County/City Tax Exemption Program: Coordinate discussion on program pursuant to ORS 307.540 to 307.548 to support affordable housing projects operated by non-profits that tailor rents to be affordable to 30% AMI.	Number of housing units that are preserved in the homeless inventory. Number of housing units that are added to inventory based on ability to support reduced rents.	Year 1	\$ 0	City and County Governments, Special Districts (fire, school, etc.), Housing Providers, Other Nonprofits		
2.7	Cultivate cooperative and stable Relationships with Private Landlords to enhance capacity for utilizing existing private housing market as "housers" of formerly homeless people.	a) Landlord Forums (2 forums annually) b) Mailings c) Brochures	a. Number of landlords participate as "housers" of homeless people. b. Number of units brought into the homeless inventory.	Year 1 - 10	\$ 0	Washington County Housing Services, Community Action		

Goal 3

Link People to Appropriate Services and Remove Barriers

ID	TASK NAME	METHODS	MEASURES OF IMPACT	START-END DATE	COST & POTENTIAL SOURCES	RESPONSIBLE AGENCY(S)
3.1	Create a unified assessment system that refers families and singles to appropriate housing and service programs based on need and ability to become self-sufficient.	a) Define partnerships b) Develop intake system and universal assessment criteria. c) Develop systems change policy and educate community on process. d) Implement systems change to include new programs being on- board (e.g. – rental assistance, housing units, etc.).	 Completed system plan/policy. Number of homeless households that are matched with the most appropriate services and housing resources. 	Year 1 Year 2 - 10	\$0	OR-DHS, Service Providers, Washington County Housing Services, Housing Providers, HSSN
3.2	Improve and expand Homeless Outreach and Engagement with Services/ Housing for homeless and sheltered singles and families.	 a) Develop Outreach partnerships and secure funding, e.g. JOIN model. b) Implement a street outreach program with a permanent housing component (housing-first), e.g. JOIN model. 	Number of unengaged, hard-to-reach homeless people who are brought into the service and housing network and engaged with supports that will help end their homeless status.	Year 1 (seek funding) Year 2 – 10 (implement)	\$ 0 \$2.29 million 9 years Fund = Foundation, Federal/State/ Local, Sponsor Match	Service Providers, Housing Providers, Washington County Housing Services, HSSN
3.3	Create an efficient and effective system for Service Linkage for People who are Homeless to include emergency shelter beds for single adults.	a) Location and project sponsor identified b) Define project model; e.g. lease/own, rehab hotel/other, or new construction c) Define funding and sustainability plan.		Year 1 - 4	\$ 0	HSSN, Service Providers
3.3.d		d) Develop One-Stop Resource Center that includes: d.1) interim housing beds for homeless singles who are awaiting placement in permanent housing d.2) day-center services (e.g. meals, showers, laundry, US mail service, mainstream resources, email/internet access for employment search.	 Number of homeless individuals who resolve homelessness through participation in this resource. Number of homeless individuals who access emergency shelter bed services. Number of homeless individuals who maintain engagement with supports while awaiting housing placement. 	Year 5 – 10 (7,000 sq ft facility)	\$4.09 million 6 Years (\$3.1 m Capital construction Year 5) (\$1 m Operation Years 6-10) Fund = Local/State/Fed eral, In-Kind svcs by organizations.	HSSN, Service Providers

	Goal 3: Link People to Appropriate Services and Remove Barriers									
ID	TASK NAME	METHODS	MEASURES OF IMPACT	START-END DATE	COST & POTENTIAL SOURCES	RESPONSIBLE AGENCY(S)				
3.3.e		e) Expand services provided at Project Homeless Connect.	Number of homeless individuals who access services at the "one-stop" resource event.	Year 1-10	\$0	Vision Action Network, HSSN				
3.4	Increase access to case management and supportive services for clients receiving rental assistance.	a) Establish flexible supportive service funds in support of programs linked to housing. Services may include: - Case Management FTE positions - Transportation for clients - Child Care	Number of homeless individuals who resolve homelessness through participation in this resource.	Year 1 - 10	\$2.7 million 10 years Fund = HUD, CDBG, EHA, SAMSA, HHS, OR-DHS, B2H, Housing PLUS, Other Local/State	Service Providers, HSSN				
3.5	Develop a permanent online <i>Local Homeless Resources Roadmap</i> (i.e. local directory) of all services and housing available in Washington County to be utilized by homeless persons, service providers, and the public.	a) Expand upon existing information referral websites and link software technology between The Beehive.org and 211info.org websites. b) Create custom homepage to "bridge" websites c) Provide outreach and education on the new website.	Number of homeless individuals who resolve homelessness through participation in this resource.	Year 1 -2	\$25,000 Fund = Foundations, Business, Other Local Funds	One-Economy, 211info, HSSN				
3.6	Expand Homeless Service Systems Collaboration with the Veteran's Administration and community-based agencies to increase access and utilization of federal VA resources by people who are homeless.	a) Develop local Veteran program to include housing, case management, and employment. b) Offer resources to Veterans to include Veterans Industries and Central City Concerns programs.	Number of homeless individuals who resolve homelessness through participation in this resource.	Year 1 - 10	\$ 0	VA Representatives, HSSN				
3.7	Increase Child Care for Homeless Children resources.	a) Provide child care funds to leverage the Bridges To Housing Program.	Number of homeless households who are helped to resolve homelessness through participation in this resource.	Year 1- 10	\$60,000 / 10 years Fund = CDBG, Foundation, Local/State	Community Action				
3.7.b		b) Integrate access to child care into homeless programs through the Employment Related Day Care Program.	Number of homeless households who are helped to resolve homelessness through participation in this resource.	Year 1 -10	Funds based on family composition. Fund: State Funds	OR-DHS, Community Action				

	Goal 3: Link People to Appropriate Services and Remove Barriers								
ID	TASK NAME	METHODS	MEASURES OF IMPACT	START-END DATE	COST & POTENTIAL SOURCES	RESPONSIBLE AGENCY(S)			
3.8	Increase Transportation for Homeless People resources.	a) Identify transportation resource partners. b) Investigate resources that can be targeted to homeless persons. c) Distribute listing of transportation resources to homeless advocates and service providers. Link resource data to online One-Stop Resource Roadmap and maintain data quality.	Number of homeless households who are helped to resolve homelessness through participation in this resource.	Year 1 - 2	\$0	HSSN, Tri-Met, Faith-based Community, Business Partners			
3.9	Establish closer Links Between Housing Programs and Food and Nutrition Programs.	a) Identify housing sites with target populations of low-income and formerly homeless persons and expand program to reach these populations. (127,000 meals served in 2007)	Number of homeless households for whom emergency needs are met through access to this resource.	Year 1 - 10	\$240,000 10 years Fund: United Way, Intel Corp, and Tuality Healthcare, Community Partners	Commission on Children and Families, USDA, Oregon Food Bank, School Districts, OSU Extension Service, United Way, Tualatin Hills Park & Recreation, Hillsboro Park, Faith-Based Partners, Health Care Partners, Intel Corp., Oregon Hunger Relief Task Force, HSSN			
3.10	Develop and implement a <i>Unified Housing Screening Policy</i> that will reduce barriers to access housing by homeless persons.	a) Develop policy and procedures tied to Risk Mitigation Pool strategy.	Number of homeless households who are helped to resolve homelessness through participation in this process.	Year 1 Develop Policy Year 2 – 10 Implement	\$ 0	HSSN, Fair Housing Council			



Increase Income Support and Economic Opportunities

ID	TASK NAME	METHODS	MEASURES OF IMPACT	START-END DATE	COST & POTENTIAL SOURCES	RESPONSIBLE AGENCY(S)
4.1	Increase Income Self-sufficiency through a housing rental assistance, employment and mental health services model focused on Housing and Employment Linking Partnership (HELP Program).	Sustain program through new funding resources to include foundation, business, community, and public partnerships. United Way funding expires 6-30-2009.	Number of homeless households that increase their income making it more feasible to exit homelessness. Number of homeless households that exit the program into permanent affordable housing.	Year 1	\$165,000 / 1 Year (Additional \$146K annual in- kind match provided – excludes housing rents)	PCC Capital Career Center, LifeWorks NW, Community Action, OR- DHS, Goodwill Industries, HSSN Income Support Subcommittee
4.1.b		b) Expand HELP Program serving 75 clients to serve 150 clients annually and offer program in two locations in the county.	Number of homeless households that increase their income making it more feasible to exit homelessness. Number of homeless households that exit the program into permanent affordable housing.	Year 2-10	\$3.2 million 9 Years (Excludes rents) Fund = Foundations, Local Funds	PCC Capital Career Center, LifeWorks NW, Community Action, OR- DHS, Goodwill Industries, HSSN Income Support Subcommittee
4.2	Increase Income Self-sufficiency for persons with disabilities and persons who experience significant barriers in obtaining and retaining employment.	a) Sustain Supported Employment Program for individuals with severe mental illness, an inter-agency partnership that brings together resources to help homeless individuals obtain and keep a job.	Increase the likelihood that formerly homeless obtain and retain employment, can afford housing costs, and avoid future episodes of homelessness.	Year 1 - 10	\$ Currently funded (below). Fund: Oregon Health Plan, Oregon DHS Mental Health & Addictions, Voc Rehab	Washington County Mental Health, OR-DHS Addictions and Mental Health, Vocational Rehabilitation
4.2.b		 b) Develop Supported Employment Program model for individuals experiencing barriers to obtain and retain employment; e.g. – community corrections. c) Attract employers with assurance of job-based support (Job Coach) for homeless employees. 	Increase the likelihood that formerly homeless obtain and retain employment, can afford housing costs, and avoid future episodes of homelessness.	Year 2 - 10	\$568,910 9 Years Fund: Federal/State /Local, Foundation	HSSN Income Support Subcommittee, US Dept. of Labor, Community Corrections

			Goal 4: Iı	ncrease Income Su	pport and Econo	mic Opportunities
ID	TASK NAME	METHODS	METHODS MEASURES OF IMPACT		COST & POTENTIAL SOURCES	RESPONSIBLE AGENCY(S)
4.3	Reduce Barriers in Accessing SSI/SSDI benefits for people who are homeless.	a) Identify SSI/SSDI point of contact per agency that will complete applications and receive ongoing training provided by SSA. b) To improve efficiencies in filing applications, resulting in a reduction of appeals and delay in benefits, work with OR-DHS to provide SSI/SSDI Outreach, Access and Recovery (SOAR) training to service providers in Washington County.	Number of homeless households that increase their income and access Medicaid making it more feasible to exit homelessness.	Year 1	\$ 0	OR-DHS, SSA, Service Providers, Washington County Housing Services
4.3.c		c) Identify and implement SSI/SSDI application specialists who function as a core team in preparing and processing SSI/SSDI applications. Recommend members of the team include Jail and Hospitals to assist individuals prior to release.	Number of homeless households that increase their income and access Medicaid making it more feasible to exit homelessness.	Year 2-10	\$0	Jail, SSA, Service Providers, Washington County Housing Services
4.4	Implement strategies identified and develop new Income Support Initiatives and Partnerships.	a) Develop a HSSN Income Support Subcommittee chartered to carry forth the strategies of this plan for implementation and create new initiatives and strategies.	Successful implementation of strategies and development of new strategies and systems to enhance employment opportunities.	Year 1 - 10	\$0	HSSN Income Support Subcommittee



Expand Data Collection

ID	TASK NAME	METHODS	MEASURES OF IMPACT	START-END DATE	COST & POTENTIAL SOURCES	RESPONSIBLE AGENCY(S)
5.1	Expand the # of Homeless Management Information System (HMIS) Users to ensure a comprehensive data compilation of homeless persons accessing services.	a) Implement requirement that all projects associated with strategies outlined in this plan participate in the Washington County HMIS.	Extent of compliance with this requirement.	Year 1 - 10	\$141,866 10 years (\$165/user x 75 license + 3% inflation annual) Fund = Service Providers Local/State/ Federal	Service Providers, Washington County Housing Services
5.2	Expand the HMIS Data Collection Variables to include activities identified in the Washington County 10-Year Plan to End Homelessness will be reported to the county's Continuum of Care governance body – the Housing and Supportive Services Network (HSSN), its subcommittees and work group.	a) Implementation of the 10-Year Plan activities through the HSSN, to include HMIS reporting. b) Information sharing on best practices, local efforts, and program outcomes.	Extent of variables that are tracked by HMIS.	Year 1 - 10	\$ 0	HSSN, Washington County Housing Services
5.3	Annual analysis on <i>Intervention Impact of Programs and Systems</i> for consideration of continued implementation and/or re-model of programs to better meet needs of homeless persons.	a) Develop a 10-Year Plan Advisory Committee.b) Develop and implement Criteria Evaluation process.	Extent of data analysis produced.	Year 1 - 10	\$ 0	Leadership Focus Group, HSSN, Washington County Housing Services
5.4	Increase US Congressional Awareness of local homelessness through participation in national reporting efforts to include submitting local data for use in the Annual Homeless Assessment Report (AHAR).	a) Participate in AHAR. b) Brief HSSN on AHAR Data Analysis.	Extent of compliance with this requirement.	Year 1 - 10	\$0	Washington County Housing Services, HSSN
5.5	Use Homeless Data Collection (e.g Street and Shelter Count, HMIS, annual project reports) to identify and develop annual 10-Year Plan goals and action steps.	a) Annual goals defined and action steps developed for implementation.	Extent of data analysis produced.	Year 1 - 10	\$ 0	Washington County Housing Services, HSSN, 10-Year Plan Advisory Committee



Implement Public Education on Homelessness

ID	TASK NAME	METHODS	MEASURES OF IMPACT	START-END DATE	COST & POTENTIAL SOURCES	RESPONSIBLE AGENCY(S)
6.1	Create new and build upon current community-based citizen, private, public and nonprofit Community Partnerships to End Homelessness.	a) Presentation at public forums, Chamber of Commerce, and Media. 1. Extent of volunteerism and citizen group activism to address homelessness.		Year 1 - 10	\$ 0	HSSN, Washington County Housing Services
6.2	Provide annual <i>Update on 10-Year Plan</i> activities, outcomes and homeless data trends to local governments and make available to the public.	 a) Fiscal year-end report prepared and presented to local government and Leadership Focus Group. b) Post on county website. c) Present to HSSN. 	Extent to which reports are produced and disseminated on schedule.	October 2009 to October 2018	\$ 0	Washington County Housing Services
6.3	Develop a <i>Public Education Campaign</i> to demystify homelessness.	a) Conduct homeless forum and roundtable discussions with elected officials and leaders of the community.	Number public events and level of participation.	Year 1 - 10	\$ 0	HSSN, Interfaith Committee on Homelessness

Appendix A

10-YEAR PLAN STRATEGY COST ANALYSIS WORKSHEETS

DATE Completed/ Updated: 2/26/2008

Workgroup Name: Prevention and Emergency Services [Strategy 1.1]

1.0 GENERAL STRATEGY:

1.1 **Proposed Action:**

Create a Universal Point of Referral for At-Risk Tenancies to be used by service providers and landlords to increase alternative housing options for at-risk tenancies.

1.1.a. **Quantity of Proposed Units of Service:**

One (1) FTE Position: Housing Specialist

1.1.b. **Quantified of Intended Outcomes: (July 1 to June 30)**

- Per Year: Reduction rate of at-risk households becoming homeless.
- Over 10 Years:

1.1.c.	New Units of	Total Units of	One Time	Annual	Cumulative
	Service Created	Service	Capital Costs	Operations and	Costs
				Service Costs	
2008-				\$50,000	50,000
2009					
2010				51,500	101,500
2011				53,045	154,545
2012				54,636	209,181
2013				56,275	265,457
2014				57,964	323,420
2015				59,703	383,123
2016				61,494	444,617
2017				63,339	507,955
2018				65,239	¹² \$573,194

1.1.d. **Potential Funding Options Identified/ Secured:**

Community Action

1.1.e. **Responsible Parties:**

- Community Action
- Housing and Supportive Services Network (HSSN)

1.1.f. **First Steps Towards Action Implementation:**

- Define the point of referral process and the system of deliverables.
- 2. Housing Specialist position resides with Community Action.
- Provide education to HSSN and homeless advocates on universal point of referral process.
- Implement data collection system (HMIS ServicePoint) to track program outcomes.

A Road Home: 10-Year Plan to End Homelessness

¹² This is the total cost over 10 years.

DATE Completed/ Updated: 3/12/2008

Workgroup Name: Prevention and Emergency Services [Strategy 1.2]

1.0 GENERAL STRATEGY:

1.1 **Proposed Action:**

Staff a Homelessness Diversion Specialist position to counsel tenants facing eviction on problemsolving with landlords in an effort to retain housing and access emergency rental assistance or other services that can avert homelessness.

1.1.a. **Quantity of Proposed Units of Service:**

One (1) FTE Position: Homeless Diversion Specialist

1.1.b. **Quantified of Intended Outcomes: (July 1 to June 30)**

- Per Year: Hire position to work with Evictions Court, tenants, and landlords.
- Over 10 Years:

1.1.c.	New Units of Service Created	Total Units of Service	One Time Capital Costs	Annual Operations and	Cumulative Costs
	Service Createu	Sel vice	Capital Costs	Service Costs	Costs
2008-					0
2009					
2010				\$50,000	50,000
2011				51,500	101,500
2012				53,045	154,545
2013				54,636	209,181
2014				56,275	265,457
2015				57,964	323,420
2016				59,703	383,123
2017				61,494	444,617
2018				63,339	¹³ \$507,955

1.1.d. **Potential Funding Options Identified/ Secured:**

- 1. Local, State and Federal
- 2. Foundation

1.1.e. **Responsible Parties:**

- 1. Community Action
- 2. Housing and Supportive Services Network (HSSN)

1.1.f. **First Steps Towards Action Implementation:**

- 1. Define the process for intervention with Evictions Court, tenants, and landlords. Define outcomes of the strategy.
- 2. Prepare Job Description. Hire position and provide training.
- 3. Review outcomes of this homeless prevention and intervention strategy at 12 months.
- 4. Implement data collection system (HMIS ServicePoint) to track program outcomes.

¹³ This is the total cost over 10 years.

DATE Com	oleted/ Updated: 1/8/		orkgroup i ilia	21 110111011001		
			nergency Servic	es [Strategy 1	.41	
Workgrot	Workgroup Name: Prevention and Emergency Services [Strategy 1.4]					
1.0 GENI	ERAL STRATE	GY:				
1.1	Proposed Actio	 on:				
			at increase the likeli	ihood that homeless pe	ople, who obtain	
	permanent housing	, will ultimately b	e successful and stal	ble tenants and not rep	eat their cycle through	
					nd rental education into	
				centers, community co	orrections); therefore,	
	prevening issues u	arough great unde	rstanding and aware	eness by tenants.		
1.1.a.	Quantity of Pro	oposed Units o	of Service:			
				rovide class supplies a	nd materials for 300	
	tenant participants	in the rental educa	ation program.			
1.1.b.	Overtified of I	tandad Outo		- I.m. 20)		
1.1.0.			omes: (July 1 to		- 10 (Haamaa amd	
			increase number of nt classroom mater	f instructors from 6 to	o 10 (ncense and	
	• Over 10 Years:		it classi oom mater	1415.		
1.1.c.	New Units of	Total Units of	One Time	Annual	Cumulative Costs	
	Service Created	Service	Capital Costs	Operations and		
2008-2009				Service Costs \$	Ф.С	
2008-2009				D	\$ Current program scope is funded; expand Year 2 - 10	
2010				35,000	\$35,000	
2011				35,000	70,000	
2012				35,000	105,000	
2013				35,000	140,000	
2014				35,000	175,000	
2015 2016				35,000 35,000	210,000 245,000	
2017				35,000	280,000	
2018				35,000	¹⁴ \$ 315,000	
1.1.d.			lentified/ Secure			
		include Shelter S	afety Levy, SAFAH	H/HUD, Oregon Housin	ng and Community	
	Services.					
	•		riculum and training	costs.		
110	-					
1.1.e.	Responsible Pa				_	
			enters Nonprofit Pr	oviders, Community C	 'orrections	
1.1.f.			implementation:		offections	
-1-11			_	tal education instructor		
			d certify instructors.			
	2. 500010 0011100	1 1				

Implement data collection system (HMIS ServicePoint) to track program outcomes.

Washington County, OR

A Road Home: 10-Year Plan to End Homelessness

Schedule rental education training.

¹⁴ This is the total cost over 10 years.

DATE Com	pleted/	Undated:	February	26.	2008

Workgroup Name: Prevention and Emergency Services [Strategy 1.7.c]

1.0 GENERAL STRATEGY:

1.1 **Proposed Action:**

Prevent youth from becoming homeless through outreach to youth and families. Increase the HomePlate outreach program from half-time to full-time. Provide family mediation and reunification case management, when appropriate.

1.1.a. **Quantity of Proposed Units of Service:**

HomePlate will staff 1 FTE Coordinator position. HomePlate is an access point for youth in Washington County. The one night a week drop-in program operates out of the Hillsboro First Congregational United Church of Christ (FCUCC) and provides youth with access to hot meal, showers, hygiene supplies, and referrals to resources available at Family Resource Centers, Safe Place, and other providers.

1.1.b. Quantified of Intended Outcomes: (July 1 to June 30)

- Per Year: Expansion of outreach and resource referral services to runaway and homeless youth. Three hundred (300) youth will have access to drop-in services. 90% of youth receiving case management services will accomplish one or more self-sufficiency goals within 3-months of services.
- Over 10 Years: 2,000 youth

1.1.c.	New Units of Service Created	Total Units of Service	One Time Capital Costs	Annual Operations and	Cumulative Costs
2008-				Service Costs 46,692	\$ 46,692
2009				10,072	\$ 10,052
2010				48,003	94,695
2011				49,353	144,048
2012				50,743	194,791
2013				52,176	246,967
2014				53,651	300,618
2015				55,171	355,788
2016			·	56,736	412,524
2017			·	58,348	470,872
2018				60,008	¹⁵ \$ 530,880

Potential Funding Options Identified/ Secured: 1.1.d.

- Oregon Runaway and Homeless Youth CCF Fund (Currently funding \$25,000 FY2008-09)
- Washington County Commission on Children and Families

1.1.e. **Responsible Parties:**

- HomePlate
 - 2. Washington County Commission on Children and Families

First Steps Towards Action Implementation: 1.1.f.

- Secure funds.
- 2. Expand HomePlate Program.
- Implement data collection system (HMIS ServicePoint) to track program outcomes.

¹⁵ This is the total cost over 10 years.

DATE Completed/ Updated: April 28, 2008

Workgroup Name: Prevention and Emergency Services [Strategy 1.8]

1.0 GENERAL STRATEGY:

1.1 **Proposed Action:**

Create an efficient and effective system for runaway and homeless youth (RHY) to access resources and provide for short-term emergency shelter. Shelters are often the access point to the resources available to assist RHY.

1.1.a. **Quantity of Proposed Units of Service:**

Annual operations costs of \$500,000 will fund 7-beds and provide shelter and resources to RHY, ages 14 to 17, for up to 120 days. Youth will be assisted in transitioning to safe stable housing.

Quantified of Intended Outcomes: (July 1 to June 30) 1.1.b.

- Fund operations of the Safe Place youth shelter.
- Over 10 Years: 210 youth (21 youth annual)

1.1.c.	New Units of	Total Units of	One Time	Annual	Cumulative Costs
	Service Created	Service	Capital Costs	Operations and	
				Service Costs	
2008-				500,000	\$ 500,000
2009					
2010				500,000	1,000,000
2011				500,000	1,500,000
2012				500,000	2,000,000
2013				500,000	2,500,000
2014				500,000	3,000,000
2015				500,000	3,500,000
2016				500,000	4,000,000
2017				500,000	4,500,000
2018				500,000	¹⁶ \$ 5,000,000

Potential Funding Options Identified/ Secured: 1.1.d.

- Oregon Runaway and Homeless Youth CCF Fund (FY2008-09 funding \$65,281 State CCF)
- Community Development Block Grant (FY2008-09 funding \$47,390 CDBG)
- Boys and Girls Aid Society
- Other federal/state/local funds (FY2008-09 ESG funding \$3,674)

Responsible Parties: 1.1.e.

1. Boys and Girls Aid Society

1.1.f. **First Steps Towards Action Implementation:**

- Secure funds.
- Implement data collection system (HMIS ServicePoint) to track program outcomes.

A Road Home: 10-Year Plan to End Homelessness

¹⁶ This is the total cost over 10 years.

DATE Completed/ Updated: January 2, 2008

Workgroup Name: Permanent Affordable Housing [Strategy 2.1.a]

1.0 GENERAL STRATEGY:

1.1 **Proposed Action:**

Commitment by Housing and Supportive Services Network (HSSN) to leverage the Samaritan Initiative Bonus funds within the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance grant for the purpose of providing new beds for chronic homeless singles through Shelter Plus Care (SPC) tenant-based rental assistance. Grant term = 5 years initial, renewable on annual basis after 5 years.

Note: 339 chronic singles reported in January 2007 homeless count.

1.1.a. **Ouantity of Proposed Units of Service:**

36 each 1-bedroom units for chronic homeless singles (maximum amount leverage at Bonus rate)

1.1.b. **Quantified of Intended Outcomes: (July 1 to June 30)**

- Per Year: 9 units year one, 3 units annually year 2 through 10 of plan (1-bed units)
- Over 10 Years: 36 units

1.1.c.	New Units of Service Created	Total Units of Service	One Time Capital Costs	Annual Operations and Service Costs	Cumulative Costs
2008- 2009	9	9	0	\$353,700	353,700
2010	3	12		\$120,240	473,940
2011	3	15		\$122,580	596,520
2012	3	18		\$125,100	721,620
2013	3	21		\$127,620	849,240
2014	3	24		\$130,140	979,380
2015	3	27		\$132,840	1,112,220
2016	3	30		\$135,360	1,247,580
2017	3	33		\$138,060	1,385,640
2018	3	36		\$140,940	¹⁷ \$1,526,580

Total New Units: 36

1.1.d. **Potential Funding Options Identified/ Secured:**

- McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Grant Samaritan Initiative Bonus (15% of pro-rata share) for Chronic Homeless Single Adults.
- Supportive services and operations provided as match by project sponsors.

1.1.e. **Responsible Parties:**

- Washington County Department of Housing Services
- Nonprofit Project Sponsors

1.1.f. **First Steps Towards Action Implementation:**

- At the 2/6/2008 regular meeting, HSSN approved to allocate future grant application Samaritan Initiative Bonus funds towards Shelter Plus Care (SPC) TRA for chronic homeless single adults.
- Annually submit McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance grant requesting maximum Samaritan Initiative Bonus for SPC rental assistance, in accordance with HUD grant requirements.
- Nonprofit service providers partnering with Shelter Plus Care implement data collection system (HMIS ServicePoint) to track program outcomes.

¹⁷ This is the total cost over 10 years.

10-Year Plan	Workgroup	Final	Worksheet

DATE Completed/ Updated: March 12, 2008

Workgroup Name: Permanent Affordable Housing [Strategy 2.1.b]

1.0 GENERAL STRATEGY:

1.1 **Proposed Action:**

Apply for HUD Project-Based Section 8 through Request for Proposal. Consider a demo program of integrating Project-based Section 8 with Tax Credits/Bonds financing.

Quantity of Proposed Units of Service: 1.1.a.

100 units for either chronic homeless and/or homeless single adults (1 bedroom units)

1.1.b. **Quantified of Intended Outcomes: (July 1 to June 30)**

- Per Year: In Year 2 and Year 5 50 units each year
- Over 10 Years: 100 units

1.1.c.	New Units of Service Created	Total Units of Service	One Time Capital Costs	Annual Operations and Service Costs	Cumulative Costs
2008-		0		\$ 0	
2009					
2010	50	50		\$404,790	
2011		50		\$416,934	
2012		50		\$429,442	
2013	50	100		\$884,650	
2014		100		\$911,189	
2015		100		\$938,525	
2016		100		\$966,681	
2017		100		\$995,681	
2018		100		\$1,025,552*	¹⁸ \$ 6,973,444

100 units \$6.97 Million (Section 8 costs only)* Total:

1.1.d.	Potential Funding	Ontions Identified/	Secured:
1.1.u.	I Otennai Funume	Ophons ruchuncu/	occurcu.

- Washington County of Housing Services (Voucher Funding)
 - Oregon Housing and Community Services (Housing Plus, Housing Development Trust Fund, HOME Investment Partnership, Tax Credit Programs, CDBG)
 - Private foundation, local government appropriations

1.1e. Responsible Parties:

- Housing Authority of Washington County 1.
 - Nonprofit service and housing providers
- Public and Private Agencies

First Steps Towards Action Implementation: 1.1.f.

- Analyze capacity of CDC and Housing Authority to develop Section 8 project-based units in either new or existing housing units.
- Analyze capacity of nonprofits to provide supportive services (if applicable)
- Develop selection criteria, publish Request for Proposal, and select housing providers
- Nonprofit service providers partnering with Section 8 implement data collection system (HMIS) to track program outcomes.

A Road Home: 10-Year Plan to End Homelessness

^{*} Does not include cost of services (if applicable)

¹⁸ This is the total cost over 10 years.

DATE Completed/ Updated: January 2, 2008

Workgroup Name: Permanent Affordable Housing [Strategy 2.1.c]

1.0 GENERAL STRATEGY:

Proposed Action: 1.1

Using the Bridges To Housing and the Housing PLUS program models, create new supportive housing (1 to 36 months rental assistance) for families with children who need intense case management and supportive services to achieve self-sufficiency. Mix of 2, 3, and 4-bedroom units.

1.1.a. **Quantity of Proposed Units of Service:**

Cost is \$2.5 million over 10 years, including 3% inflation and 10% Administrative costs.

1.1.b. **Quantified of Intended Outcomes: (July 1 to June 30)**

- Per Year: Year 1 (10), Year 2 (20), Year 3 (30), Years 4 -10 capped at 30
- Over 10 Years: 100 units

1.1.c.	New Units of Service Created	Total Units of Service	One Time Capital Costs	Annual Operations and Service Costs	Cumulative Costs
2008- 2009	10	10		136,039	\$ 136,039
2010	10	20		153,724	289,763
2011	10	30		173,708	463,472
2012	10	30		196,291	659,763
2013	10	30		221,808	881,571
2014	10	30		250,643	1,132,214
2015	10	30		283,227	1,415,441
2016	10	30		320,047	1,735,488
2017	10	30		361,653	2,097,140
2018	10	30		408,667	¹⁹ \$ 2,505,808

Potential Funding Options Identified/ Secured: 1.1.d.

- 1. Neighborhood Partnership Fund (Foundation) for Bridges To Housing Program.
 - 2. Oregon Housing and Community Services (State) for Housing PLUS Program.
 - 3. Other federal/state/local funds

1.1.e **Responsible Parties:**

- 1. Washington County Department of Housing Services
- 2. Community Action
- 3. Nonprofit service and housing providers
- 4. Oregon Department of Human Services

1.1.f **First Steps Towards Action Implementation:**

- 1. Develop and maintain housing pipeline of units for future program proposals.
- 2. Develop program proposals and submit funding applications in response to RFPs published by The Neighborhood Partnership Fund and/or Oregon Housing and Community Services.
- 3. Monitor and expand, as applicable, capacity to provide intense case management and supportive services.
- 4. Service providers to implement data collection system (HMIS ServicePoint) to track program outcomes.

¹⁹ This is the total cost over 10 years.

10-Year Plan	Workgroup	Final Worksheet
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DATE C-	1-4- 1/II 1-4- 1. M		ii vvoi kgi oup			
	ompleted/ Updated: M		Housing [Street	ogy 2.1 dl		
	Workgroup Name: Permanent Affordable Housing [Strategy 2.1.d]					
1.0 GEN	NERAL STRATEG	Y:				
1.1	Proposed Action:					
					e (1 to 36 months). Program	
					and supportive services.	
					each year after through Year	
	10, with a total of	90 units in service	at any point in time) .		
		7.77.4: 0.0				
1.1.a.	Quantity of Propo			1 (1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 '	
					edroom units). Cost is \$5.9M	
	over 10 years, incl	uding 3% inflation	and 10% Administ	rative costs.		
1.1.b.	Overtified of Inte	nded Outcomes	(July 1 to June 30	<u> </u>		
1.1.0.					conned at 00	
		: 285 units of ren		ear 4 (30); Years 5-10 -	- capped at 90	
	• Over 10 Years	: 285 units of Fem	tai assistance			
1.1.c.	New Units of	Total Units of	One Time	Annual	Cumulative Costs	
212101	Service Created	Service	Capital Costs	Operations and	0 44444444	
				Service Costs		
2008-	15	15		\$ 99,000		
2009						
2010	30	45		\$305,910		
2011	30	75		\$525,146		
2012	30	90		\$649,080		
2013	30	90		\$668,552		
2014	30	90		\$688,609		
2015	30	90		\$709,267		
2016	30	90		\$730,545		
2017	30	90		\$752,461	20	
2018	30	90		\$775,035	²⁰ \$5.9 Million	
	Total Units			Cost: \$5,903,605*(incl.	3% inflation/10% Admin)	
1.1.d.	Potential Funding			C 15 1		
			; other County/City	General Funds		
	 HOME, CDB Private or pub 					
	5. Private or pub	nic imancing				
1.1.e.	Responsible Parti	P6.				
1.1.0.	•		enter and landlord: s	send funds to landlords.		
					ofit agencies who provide	
	assistance to c			6 military	Provide	
			action, Community	Housing Fund, Service	Providers	
1.1.f.	First Steps Towar			<u> </u>		
		rofit agencies and				
			and landlords to pro	vide housing units.		
					persons and validate the	
	requested ho	using unit; then co	ntact an agency for	monies payable to land	lord.	
	4. Service provi	der implements da	ta collection system	(HMIS ServicePoint)	to track program outcomes.	

 $^{^{\}rm 20}$ This is the total cost over 10 years.

A Road Home: 10-Year Plan to End Homelessness

DATE Completed/ Updated: February 12, 2008

Workgroup Name: Permanent Affordable Housing [Strategy 2.1.e]

1.0 GENERAL STRATEGY:

1.1 **Proposed Action:**

Develop 7-bed program that provides rental assistance and supportive services (1 to 24 months) to assist older youth (ages 18 to 23) who age out of the foster care system or the Safe Place Youth Shelter.

1.1.a. **Quantity of Proposed Units of Service:**

Five 1-bed and one 2-bed units for homeless youth ages 18 to 23.

1.1.b. **Quantified of Intended Outcomes: (July 1 to June 30)**

- Per Year: 6 units, 7-beds total each year for 10 years
- Over 10 Years: 30 units

1.1.c.	New Units of	Total Units of	One Time	Annual	Cumulative Costs
	Service Created	Service	Capital Costs	Operations and	
				Service Costs	
2008-	6	6	0	\$ 136,130	\$136,130
2009					
2010		6		\$ 136,130	272,260
2011	6	6		\$ 136,130	408,390
2012		6		\$ 136,130	544,520
2013	6	6		\$ 136,130	680,650
2014		6		\$ 136,130	816,780
2015	6	6		\$ 136,130	952,910
2016		6		\$ 136,130	1,089,040
2017	6	6		\$ 136,130	1,225,170
2018		6		\$ 136,130	²¹ \$1,361,300

1.1.d. **Potential Funding Options Identified/ Secured:**

- McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Grant
- Supportive services provided by The Boys and Girls Aid Society.

1.1.e. **Responsible Parties:**

- The Boys and Girls Aid Society
- Washington County Department of Housing Services

1.1.f. **First Steps Towards Action Implementation:**

- Apply for funding in the annual McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance grant application.
- Implement 7-bed Transitional Living Program in 2008.
- Service Provider implement data collection system (HMIS ServicePoint) to track program outcomes.

²¹ This is the total cost over 10 years.

DATE Completed/ Updated: 3/12/2008

Workgroup Name: Permanent Affordable Housing [Strategy 2.2]

1.0 GENERAL STRATEGY:

1.1 **Proposed Action: Short-Term Rental Assistance (STRA)**

Using a Housing First model, create a pool of short-term rental assistance (1 to 12 months) to be distributed to landlords on behalf of households who are receiving supportive services from an approved agency to either prevent homelessness or provide short-term rental assistance (STRA) in support of the household's rapid re-entry into housing.

1.1.a. **Quantity of Proposed Units of Service:**

Rental assistance for 140 households/year at \$3,500 average assistance per family.

1.1.b. **Quantified of Intended Outcomes: (July 1 to June 30)**

• Per Year: 140

• Over 10 Years: 1.400

1.1.c	New Units of Service Created	Total Units of Service	One Time Capital Costs	Annual Operations and Service Costs	Cumulative Costs + 10% Admin
2008- 2009	140	140	\$0	\$490,000	\$539,000
2010	140	140		\$504,700	\$555,170
2012	140	140		\$519,841	\$571,825
2013	140	140		\$535,436	\$588,980
2013	140	140		\$551,499	\$606,649
2014	140	140		\$568,044	\$624,849
2015	140	140		\$585,086	\$643,594
2016	140	140		\$602,638	\$662,902
2017	140	140		\$620,717	\$682,789
2018	140	140		\$639,339	\$703,272
	TOTAL:	1,400		\$5,617,300	\$6,179,030

1.1.d. **Potential Funding Options Identified/ Secured:**

- County/City General Fund and/or other fees (Document Recording Fees, etc.)
- State LIRHF funds, CDBG, Emergency Food & Shelter Program (EFSP)

1.1.e. **Responsible Parties:**

- 1. Nonprofit service providers to qualify renter and landlord for program.
- Washington County Department of Housing Services oversees the STRA fund and grants funds to nonprofit agencies that provide services to homeless persons.
- Community Action and other services providers
- 4. Community Housing Fund

1.1.f. **First Steps Towards Action Implementation:**

- 1. Identify partner agencies and funding sources.
- 2. Develop guideline policy for renter and landlord qualifications.
- 3. Develop selection/screening criteria for households and landlords receiving funds.
- 4. Service providers implement data collection system (HMIS ServicePoint) to track program outcomes.

A Road Home: 10-Year Plan to End Homelessness

		10-Year Plai	n Workgroup f	inal Worksheet		
DATE C	ompleted/ Updated:	March 12, 2008				
	oup Name: Perm		Housing	[Strategy 2.3]		
	ENERAL STRATEGY:					
1.0 GEN	Proposed Action:	r1;				
1.1		811 – HUD Suppo	ortive Housing in NO	OFA Program provide	es funding to nonprofits to	
					isabilities, and provides rent	
					ram of integrating Section	
	811 with other fina	ancing. HUD prov	vides monies for 5-y	ears of operations supp	port. Provide 3 separate	
	grants for years 20	11, 2013, and 201	5.			
1.1.a.	Quantity of Prop					
	45 units for chroni	c homeless and ho	omeless singles (1 be	edroom units)		
441		1.10	/T 1 4 / T 20			
1.1.b.			(July 1 to June 30)		
		<u>ur 3, 5, & 7 – 15 u</u>	nits each			
	Over 10 Years	: 45 units				
1.1.c.	New Units of	Total Units of	One Time	Annual	Cumulative Costs	
	Service Created	Service	Capital Costs	Operations and		
			•	Service Costs		
2008-		0		\$0	\$0	
2009						
2010		0			0	
2011	15	15	\$3.60M		3.60 M	
2012		15			3.60 M	
2013	15	30	\$3.90M		7.50 M	
2014	1.5	30	Φ4.21 λ 4		7.50 M	
2015	15	45 45	\$4.21M		11.71 M 11.71 M	
2016 2017		45			11.71 M	
		45				
2018	TD 4 1				²² \$ 11.71 million	
113	Total:	45 units	ad/Commod.			
1.1.d.	Potential Funding			Remaining \$2.93M fr	com #2 and #3	
					lopment Trust Fund, HOME	
			redit Programs, CDI		Topinent Trust Lund, Trown	
			nment appropriation			
		, <u>G</u>				
1.1.e.	Responsible Parti	ies:				
	Nonprofit housing and service providers.					
	2. Washington County Department of Housing Services.					
	3. County/City	Government, Pub	lic and Private Ager	ncies		
1.1.f.	First Steps Towards Action Implementation:					
		city of CDC to dev				
	2. Analyze capacity of nonprofits to provide supportive services.					
				grant funding cycles.		
					tity for submitting successful	
			g with complex 811			
	5. Service provid	er implements data	a collection system ((HMIS ServicePoint) t	o track program outcomes.	

²² This is the total cost over 10 years.

DATE Completed/ Updated: March 13, 2008 Workgroup Name: Permanent Affordable Housing [Strategy 2.4]

1.0 GENERAL STRATEGY: Increase Permanent Affordable Housing units available for Extremely Low Income Households (less than 30% MFI)

1.1 **Proposed Action:**

Provide financing for the acquisition and rehab and/or construction of permanent housing units. Seek opportunities to coordinate this initiative with the local pipeline of affordable housing being generated in the County where it can function as a supplemental source of financing as opposed to a sole source. Alternatively, in the absence of such partnerships, this initiative may need to be coordinated with other sources of operating money such as the Section 8 set-asides described in other strategies of the housing worksheets.

Quantity of Proposed Units of Service: 1.1.a.

Finance the acquisition and rehabilitation or construction of five permanent affordable housing units for ELI households each year for 10 years. (Cost is \$12.61M over 10 years, which includes 3% inflation factor and 10% in Administration costs [\$1,146,388]).

1.1.b. Quantified of Intended Outcomes: (July 1 to June 30)

- Per Year: 5 units
- Over 10 Years: 50 units

	O TO TO TOURS					
1.1.c.	New Units of	Total Units of	One Time	Annual	Cumulative Costs*	
	Service Created	Service	Capital Costs	Operations and		
			+3% Inflation	Service Costs		
				(10% Admin)		
2008-	5	5	\$1,000,000	\$100,000	\$1,100,000	
2009						
2010	5	10	\$1,030,000	\$103,000	\$1,133,000	
2012	5	15	\$1,060,900	\$106,090	\$1,166,990	
2013	5	20	\$1,092,727	\$109,273	\$1,202,000	
2013	5	25	\$1,125,509	\$112,551	\$1,238,060	
2014	5	30	\$1,159,274	\$115,927	\$1,275,201	
2015	5	35	\$1,194,052	\$119,405	\$1,313,457	
2016	5	40	\$1,229,874	\$122,987	\$1,352,861	
2017	5	45	\$1,266,770	\$126,677	\$1,393,447	
2018	5	50	\$1,304,773	\$130,477	\$1,435,250	

\$12,610,267 Total 50 units \$11,463,879 \$1,146,388

- Potential Funding Options Identified/ Secured: 1.1.d.
 - OHCS Trust Fund, Tax Credits, Housing Plus.
 - HOME funds, Donated Land.
 - 3. City/County and Faith-Based Resources (SDC waivers, building permit waivers, etc.).
 - 4. National Housing Trust Fund, private funding, Enterprise Foundations.
 - Private Equity Resources. 5.
- **Responsible Parties:** 1.1.e.
 - Community Housing Fund, Community Development Corporations
 - Washington County Department of Housing Services, Office of Community Development
 - 3. For Profit Developers and Non-Profit Developers
- 1.1.f. **First Steps Towards Action Implementation:**
 - Capitalize the Community Housing Fund Revolving Loan Fund
 - Assess existing affordable housing pipeline for projects on which this initiative can "piggyback" as a supplemental initiative that generates units for extremely low income.
 - Explore local Low Income Housing Tax Credit Q.A.P. for incentives to create housing for extremely low income. 3.
 - Develop working group to attract development partners.

A Road Home: 10-Year Plan to End Homelessness

		10-Teal Fla	iii workgroup	Final Workshee	
	ompleted/ Updated:				
Workgr	oup Name: Perm	anent Affordable	Housing [Stra	tegy 2.5]	
1.0 GEN	NERAL STRATEG	Y: Create Risk	Mitigation Pool		
1.1	Proposed Action:				
					over property damage, limited
					s covered by a security deposit.
					evels. Claims have been
	communication wi		stance and risk miti	gation are tied to active	e case management and
	communication wi	in the fandiords.			
1.1.a.	Quantity of Propo	osed Units of Ser	vice:		
				Estimate 50% of the lan	dlords will file claims
				eposit. Re-evaluate in	
1.1.b.			(July 1 to June 30		
				ult in claims (\$7,500).	
	Over 10 Years	: up to new 100 f	amilies assisted		
1.1.c.	New Units of	Total Units of	One Time.	Annual Claims	Cumulative Claim Costs
111101	Service Created	Service	Capital	Costs (Est.	(Est. Maximum)
			Investment/	Maximum)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
			Remainder	,	
2008-	15	15	300,000	7,500	7,500
2009 2010	15	30	294,863	15,000	22,500
2012	15	45	280,534	22,500	45,000
2013	15	60	258,050	30,000	75,000
2013	15	75	227,167	27,500	102,500
2014	15	90	187,632	45,000	147,500
2015	10	100	141,761	50,000	197,500
2016	10	100	94,513	50,000	248,500
2017	10	100	45,849	50,000	298,500
2018	10	100	0	50,000	348,500
1.1.d.	Potential Funding	. Ontions Identif	iod/ Commode		
1.1.u.		d money at 3% in			
			ns; private financing	<u> </u>	
	2. Oity una, of C	sounty continuents	iis, private rinariem	ɔ·	
1.1.e.	Responsible Parti				
				in Washington County	
			<u> </u>	ntal education classes,	etc.)
1.1.f.	First Steps Towar				
			edge and use of the		
					participation; provide case
				ntact for monitoring.	
			and out of service a		
			n state & other sour	CES.	
	J. MOUNTOR THE	orogram success ra	iic.		

	ompleted/ Updated:				
Workgro	oup Name: Perm	anent Affordable	Housing [Strate	gy 2.6]	
	NERAL STRATEG nt homelessness	Y: Identify resou	irces to preserve cu	rrent inventory afford	able and supportive housing
1.1	Proposed Action:				
	Provide strategic in services, at risk of			5 existing affordable uni	ts, many tied to supportive
1.1.a.	Quantity of Propo	osed Units of Serv	vice:		
	Finance the acquis secured with Section	ition and rehabilita on 8 project-based	ation of 285 perman rental assistance (d		nits in OHCS loan portfolio 1.b). (Cost is \$9.6 M over 10
1.1.b.	Ouantified of Into	ended Outcomes:	(July 1 to June 30)	
				s), Year 2 (188 units). A	All expire in 2010.
	• Over 10 Years			// /	•
		_			
1.1.c.	New Units of Service Created	Total Units of Service	One Time Capital Costs	Annual Operations and Service Costs	Cumulative Costs* (+10% Admin)
2008- 2009	97	97	\$6,790,000		\$7,469,000
2010	188	285	\$1,955,200		\$2,150,720
2012		285			
2013		285			
2013 2014		285 285			
2014		285			
2016		285			
2017		285			
2018		285			23
Total	: 285	•	\$8,745,200		\$9,619,720
1.1.d.	Potential Funding	g Options Identifi	ied/ Secured:		-
			for Acquisition/Reh		
	Community Housing Fund Pre-Development Revolving Loan Fund (match)				
			nd Urban Developm		
	4. OHCS Hous:	ing Preservation C	Community Incentive	e Fund	
1.1.e.	Responsible Parti		277		
	 Washington County Department of Housing Services Community Development Corporations 				
	2. Community I	Development Corp	orations		
1.1.f.	First Steps Towar		mentation:		
		ntial properties.	1		
	2. Develop acqu	isition financial p	lans.		

 $^{\rm 23}$ This is the total cost over 10 years.

A Road Home: 10-Year Plan to End Homelessness

10-Year Plan Workgroup Final Worksheet DATE Completed/Updated: March 17, 2008 Workgroup Name: Permanent Affordable Housing [Strategy 2.6.b] 1.0 GENERAL STRATEGY: Preserve Affordable/Supportive Housing Inventory 1.1 **Proposed Action:** Dialogue between cities, county, and service districts to adopt a tax exemption program pursuant to ORS 307.540 to 307.548. This program should be catered to affordable housing projects operated by nonprofit agencies that tailor rent levels to be affordable to households earning below 30% AMI. **Quantity of Proposed Units of Service:** 1.1.a. To be determined. **Quantified of Intended Outcomes: (July 1 to June 30)** 1.1.b. • Per Year: • Over 10 Years: **New Units of One Time** 1.1.c. **Total Units of** Annual **Cumulative Costs** Service Created Service **Capital Costs** Operations and **Service Costs** 2008-2009 2010 2012 2013 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 \$ 1.1.d. **Potential Funding Options Identified/ Secured:** Propose a predetermined quantity of forgone revenue. Identify caps by jurisdiction as a means to encourage/promote affordable housing development countywide. **Responsible Parties:** 1.1.e. Washington County and Cities within Washington County. School Districts and other Special Districts in Washington County. **First Steps Towards Action Implementation:**

Coordinate Discussion.

1.1.f.

²⁴ This is the total cost over 10 years.

DATEC	omploted/ Undeted:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	mai worksneet	
	ompleted/ Updated: oup Name: Healtl		nnortive Services	[Strategy 3.2]	
_	_		pportive Bervices	[Strategy 5.2]	
	NERAL STRATEG	Υ:			
1.1	Proposed Action:	1. 1 1 1	1	IODN 1.1) C(-CC 2	ETE O (1. W. 1 1
				istance (first & last more	FTE Outreach Worker and
					streets, and other areas not fit
	for human habitation		. • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	, ucunconea canamgo,	success, and other areas not in
1.1.a.	Quantity of Propo				
					who receive outreach will
					ncludes 3% annual increase to
	program costs.Jani	iary 2007 nometes	ss singles populatioi	n was 512 individuals.	
1.1.b.	Quantified of Inte	ended Outcomes	(July 1 to June 30)	
111.01				orovide with housing ((e.g. – JOIN model).
				h supportive services.	
					nt year as program matures;
	moving homeles	ss from the street	s to housing.		
1.1.c.	New Units of	Total Units of	One Time	Annual	Cumulative Costs
	Service Created	Service	Capital Costs	Operations and Service Costs	
2008-				0	0
2009					
2010				225,800	225,800
2011				232,574	458,374
2012				239,551	697,925
2013				246,738	944,663
2014				254,140	1,198,803
2015 2016				261,764 269,617	1,460,567 1,730,184
2017				277,706	2,007,889
2018				286,037	²⁵ \$2,293,926
2010				200,027	Ψ2,2,0,,20
1.1.d.	Potential Funding	Options Identifi	ed/ Secured:		
	1. Local County an				
	2. State and Federa	ıl			
	3. Foundation				
1.1.e.	Responsible Parti				
	1. JOIN of Portland		Notwork (UCCN)		
1.1.f.	2. Housing and Sur First Steps Towar				
1.1.1.	1. Identify lead age		nentativii.		
	2. Secure funding.	····· j •			
	3. Implement prog				
	4. Service Provider	implement data c	ollection system (H	MIS ServicePoint) to the	rack program outcomes.

A Road Home: 10-Year Plan to End Homelessness

²⁵ This is the total cost over 10 years.

Workg	roup Name: Health and Human Supportive Services [Strategy 3.3]
1.0 GE	NERAL STRATEGY:
1.1	Proposed Action:
	Create an efficient and effective system for service linkage for homeless persons to include emergency shelter
İ	beds for single adults located in a One-Stop Resource Center.
1.1.a.	Quantity of Proposed Units of Service:
	Develop 7,000 square foot Resource Center providing emergency beds for single adults and day services for all
	homeless individuals (e.g. male and female shower facilities, locker space, laundry, kitchen, computer access,
	mail services, classroom/meeting space, office space for service providers (10 each 10x10 individual), storage
	space, and shelter bed space to accommodate 10 – 12 beds in congregate setting). The ProForma development
	includes parking, transportation access, and location of center within county. Total capital = \$3.1 million.

Services include 2.5 FTE staffing for 24/7 shelter and day center activities and Operations to include utilities, phone, .25 FTE maintenance staff, supplies, furnishings and food for homeless with a 3% annual increase.

1.1.b. Quantified of Intended Outcomes: (July 1 to June 30)

- Per Year: Day Center with Emergency Shelter Beds for Single Adults
- Over 10 Years:

DATE Completed/ Updated: February 22, 2008

1.1.c.	New Units of	Total Units of	One Time	Annual	Cumulative Costs
	Service Created	Service	Capital Costs	Operations and	
				Service Costs	
2008-			0		0
2009					
2010			0		0
2011			0		0
2012			0		0
2013			3,100,000	-Year 5	3,100,000
				Construction-	
2014			0	187,960	3,288,060
2015			0	193,599	3,481,659
2016			0	199,407	3,681,065
2017			0	205,389	3,886,454
2018			0	211,551	²⁶ \$4,098,005

1.1.d.	Potential Funding Options Identified/ Secured:
	1. Federal, state and local funds.
	2. Foundation
	3. Supportive services provided by project sponsors.
1.1.e.	Responsible Parties:
	1. Housing and Supportive Services Network (HSSN)
	2. Nonprofit Project Sponsors
	3. Community Partners
1.1.f.	First Steps Towards Action Implementation:
	1. Identify lead agency.
	2. Secure funding.
	3. Construction of facility, hiring staff, and implementing program.
	4. Implement data collection system (HMIS ServicePoint) to track program outcomes.

^{*} Note: Alternative to new construction is <u>acquisition/rehab</u> or <u>lease option</u> of existing facility that would accommodate the Resource Center model defined in the ProForma.

²⁶ This is the total cost over 10 years.

DATE C	ompleted/ Updated:	March 5, 2008				
	Workgroup Name: Health and Human Supportive Services [Strategy 3.4]					
10 CEN	VERAL STRATEG		-			
1.1	Proposed Action:		1	' C1'		
	Increase access to	case management	and supportive serv	ices for clients receiving	g rental assistance.	
1.1.a.	Quantity of Propo	acad Units of Sarr	7.00°			
1.1.a.				n and long-term rental as	esistance	
	Case manages up t	o 130 nouscholds	receiving short-term	and long-term tental as	ssistance.	
1.1.b.	Quantified of Inte	ended Outcomes:	(July 1 to June 30))		
	•		· •	,	eceive rental assistance.	
			care and transport			
	• Over 10 Years		•			
1.1.c.	New Units of	Total Units of	One Time	Annual	Cumulative Costs	
	Service Created	Service	Capital Costs	Operations and		
2008-				Service Costs 219,600	219,600	
2008-				219,000	219,600	
2010				248,312	467,912	
2011				255,266	723,178	
2012				262,429	985,607	
2013				269,807	1,255,414	
2014				277,406	1,532,820	
2015				285,233	1,818,054	
2016				293,295	2,111,349	
2017				301,599	2,412,948	
2018				310,152	²⁷ \$2,723,101	
<u> </u>						
1.1.d.	Potential Funding				~	
	1. Federal and State funds to include HUD, CDBG, EHA, HHS, OR-DHS, OHCS					
	 Local County ar Foundations 	ia City				
1.1.e.	3. Foundations Responsible Parti	log•				
1.1.e.	1. Housing and Su		Natwork (HSSN)			
	2. Service Provider		(MOOIN (MOOIN)			
1.1.f.	First Steps Towar		nentation:			
1.1.1.	1. Identify lead age					
	2. Secure funds.	J (5).				
		r implement data c	ollection system (H	MIS ServicePoint) to tra	ack program outcomes.	

A Road Home: 10-Year Plan to End Homelessness

 $^{^{\}mbox{\tiny 27}}$ This is the total cost over 10 years.

10-Year Plan Workgroup Final Worksheet DATE Completed/ Updated: March 7, 2008 Workgroup Name: Economic Opportunities and Income Support [Strategy 3.5] 1.0 GENERAL STRATEGY: 1.1 **Proposed Action:** Develop comprehensive one-stop online Resource Directory of all services and housing available in Washington County. Currently these resources are available on separate websites to include www.thebeehive.org and www.211info.org. Create a custom one-stop webpage that "bridges" the information and referral process of these two sites. Provide outreach and education to users who include homeless consumers, service providers, and the public. 1.1.a. **Quantity of Proposed Units of Service:** A one-stop online resource website. 1.1.b. **Quantified of Intended Outcomes: (July 1 to June 30)** • Per Year: Software technology will be available in late 2008 that will facilitate the ability to integrate these sites. One-Economy will develop the custom webpage to link referral databases and provide integration with 211info site. Continue to promote 211info as the Call Center contact for Washington County information and referral services. • Over 10 Years: 1.1.c. **New Units of Total Units of** One Time Annual **Cumulative Costs** Service Created Service **Capital Costs Operations and Service Costs** 2008-25,000 \$ 25,000 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 \$ 25,000 1.1.d. **Potential Funding Options Identified/ Secured:** 1. Foundations 2. Business Partners 3. State and Local 1.1.e. **Responsible Parties:** 1. One-Economy 2. 211info 3. Housing and Supportive Services Network (HSSN) 1.1.f. **First Steps Towards Action Implementation:** 1. Secure funds. 2. Develop custom website "splash" page that integrates resource sites. Identify long-term maintenance of data through collaborative partnership. 3. Market website to end users and public. Provide training and education to consumers on website.

²⁸ This is the total cost over 10 years.

		10-Year Pia	an workgroup	Finai Worksneet			
DATE C	ompleted/ Updated:	March 5, 2008					
Workgr	oup Name: Healt	h and Human Suj	pportive Services	[Strategy 3.7]			
1.0 GEN	1.0 GENERAL STRATEGY:						
1.1	Proposed Action:						
		child care services	for homeless famil	ies. The Bridges To Hou	using Program families without		
			rs to obtaining and r	etaining employment, in	npeding the family's ability to		
	become self-suffic	ient.					
1.1.a.	Quantity of Prope	need Unite of Sarv	vico.				
1.1.a.				nked with housing case	management, employment and		
	supportive services			inked with housing, case	management, employment and		
1.1.b.	Quantified of Inte	ended Outcomes:	(July 1 to June 30))			
					will be decreased, providing		
			retaining employ	ment.			
	• Over 10 Years	: 50 Families					
1.1.c.	New Units of	Total Units of	One Time	A	Cumulative Costs		
1.1.c.	Service Created	Service	Capital Costs	Annual Operations and	Cumulative Costs		
	Service Created	Service	Capital Costs	Service Costs			
2008-				6,000	\$ 6,000		
2009				,,,,,,	, ,,,,,		
2010				6,000	12,000		
2011				6,000	18,000		
2012				6,000	24,000		
2013				6,000	30,000		
2014				6,000	36,000		
2015				6,000	42,000		
2016				6,000	48,000		
2017				6,000	54,000		
2018				6,000	²⁹ \$ 60,000		
	I						
1.1.d.	Potential Funding	g Options Identifi	ed/ Secured:				
	1. CDBG	numant Dalated Da	u Cara Draaman				
	2. OR-DHS Emplo	byment Kerated Da	ly Care Program				
1.1.e.	Responsible Parti	06.					
1.1.0.	1. Community Act						
	1. Community Act	1011					
1.1.f.	First Steps Towar	ds Action Impler	nentation:				
	1. Secure funds.						
	1						

3. Service Provider implement data collection system (HMIS ServicePoint) to track program outcomes.

A Road Home: 10-Year Plan to End Homelessness

2. Implement child care program.

²⁹ This is the total cost over 10 years.

10-Year Plan Workgroup Final Worksheet										
DATE Completed/ Updated: 3/5/2008										
Workgroup Name: Health and Human Supportive Services [Strategy 3.9]										
1.0 GENERAL STRATEGY:										
1.1	Proposed Action:									
	Establish closer links between food/nutrition programs and housing programs through implementation of the 8-									
	week Summer Food Program at additional community sites.									
1.1.a.	Quantity of Proposed Units of Service:									
1.1.a.	Provide meals, nutrition education and daytime activities to youth ages 1 – 18 years.									
1.1.b.	Quantified of Intended Outcomes: (July 1 to June 30)									
	Per Year: Increased number of youth receiving food and enrichment activities.									
	• Over 10 Years: Approximately 127,000 meals served in 2007 to youth.									
11-	New Units of	Total Units of	One Time	Annual	Cumulative Costs					
1.1.c.	Service Created	Service	Capital Costs	Operations and	Cumulative Costs					
			1	Service Costs						
2008-			Food costs	Interns & Activity	24,000					
2009			covered by USDA - \$ 0.00	Costs – Est. \$24,000						
2010			USDA - \$ 0.00	Est. \$24,000	48,000					
2011					72,000					
2012					96,000					
2013					120,000					
2014					144,000 168,000					
2015 2016					192,000					
2017					216000					
2018					³⁰ \$ 240,000					
	1			<u>. </u>						
1.1.d.			dentified/ Secure							
	1. United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) and Oregon Food Bank									
	2. Funding and in-kind services provided by United Way, Intel Corporation, Tuality Healthcare, Commission on Children and Families, Oregon Food Bank, OSU Extension, Oregon Hunger Relief Task Force, Tualatin Hills									
		Park and Rec., Hillsboro Park and Rec., faith-based community partners, school districts, family resource centers,								
	Boys and Girls Clu	Boys and Girls Club, and many more.								
1.1.e.		Responsible Parties:								
		1. Commission on Children and Families								
1.1.f.		2. Housing providers.								
1.1.1.		First Steps Towards Action Implementation: 1. Identify areas (schools, apartment complexes) with 50% or more of the families qualify for free and reduced								
	lunches (are at 185% of the poverty level).									
	2. Organize community planning meetings to build partnership for the program.									
	3. Hire interns each	3. Hire interns each summer to instruct nutrition education program. Recruit volunteers.								

4. Data collection for reporting of program outcomes.

³⁰ This is the total cost over 10 years.

DATE Completed/ Undeted: 1/11/2008										
DATE Completed/ Updated: 1/11/2008 Workgroup Name: Economic Opportunities and Income Support [Strategy 4.1]										
1.0 GENERAL STRATEGY:										
1.1	Proposed Action:									
	Sustain and expand the Housing Employment Link Partnership (HELP) program providing a coordinated									
	approach to housing, job search and retention, mental health and supportive services. Current program serves									
	75 households/12 months and is located in Beaverton. Expand the program to serve 150 households/12 months									
	at two locations.									
1.1.a.	Quantity of Proposed Units of Service: 150 households									
	Quantity of 2.2 optobed Chies of Del vices 150 households									
1.1.b.	Quantified of Intended Outcomes: (July 1 to June 30)									
	Per Year: Increased number of households receiving services at two locations.									
	• Over 10 Years: 75 households in Year 1, 150 households annually Years 2 through 10									
1.1.c.	New Units of	Total Units of	One Time	Annual	Cumulative Costs					
	Service Created	Service	Capital Costs	Operations and						
2008-				Service Costs 165,000	\$165,000					
2008-				Funded through	\$103,000					
2007				6/30/2009 United						
				Way + Service						
				Provider Match						
				Funds						
2010				360,000 + Service	525,000					
				Provider Match	,					
				Funds						
2011				360,000	885,000					
2012				360,000	1,245,000					
2013				360,000	1,605,000					
2014				360,000	1,965,000					
2015				360,000	2,325,000					
2016				360,000	2,685,000					
2017				360,000	3,045,000					
2018				360,000	³¹ \$ 3,405,000					
1.1.d. Potential Funding Options Identified/ Secured:										
1.1.d.				Inited Way)						
	1. Foundations (Will seek extension/renewal of funding with United Way) 2. Business Partners									
	3. Local County/City	Funds								
1.1.e.	Responsible Parties									
	1. PCC Capital Career Center (Career Assessment, Employment and Program Coordination)									
	2. Community Action									
	3. LifeWorks NW (Mental Health and Life Skills)									
1.1.f.	4. Oregon Department of Human Services (Employment and Services) First Steps Towards Action Implementation:									
1.1.1.										
	 Secure funding to sustain and expand program. United Way funding expires 6/30/2009. Identify resources to expand HELP at two locations in the county. Service Provider implement data collection system (HMIS ServicePoint) to track program outcomes. 									

³¹ This is the total cost over 10 years.

A Road Home: 10-Year Plan to End Homelessness

10-Year Plan Workgroup Final Worksheet

DATEC	Completed/ Updated:	4/28/2008					
			es and Income Sur	port [Strategy 4.2.b]			
	Workgroup Name: Economic Opportunities and Income Support [Strategy 4.2.b]						
	ENERAL STRATEGY:						
1.1	Proposed Action:	15 1 5	110				
		d Employment Pro	gram model for ind	ividuals experiencing ba	rriers to obtain and retain		
	employment.						
1.1.a.	Quantity of Propo	agad Units of Com	zioo.				
1.1.a.				on to work with employer	rs to hire formerly homeless		
				kills, obtain and retain er			
	persons. Work wit	in nomeless to dev	crop emproyment s	Kills, Obtain and Tetain Ci	inprovincine.		
1.1.b.	Ouantified of Inte	ended Outcomes:	(July 1 to June 30	<u>))</u>			
			•	less will obtain and reta	in employment.		
		: Year 2 through	•		1 1		
	l	6					
1.1.c.	New Units of	Total Units of	One Time	Annual	Cumulative Costs		
	Service Created	Service	Capital Costs	Operations and			
				Service Costs			
2008-					0.00		
2009				71000	7.1.0.0		
2010				56,000	56,000		
2011				57,680	113,680		
2012 2013				59,410 61,193	173,090		
2013				63,028	234,283 297,312		
2014				64,919	362,231		
2015				66,867	429,098		
2017				68,873	497,971		
2018				70,939	³² \$ 568,910		
2010				70,737	ψ 300,510		
1.1.d.	Potential Funding	Ontions Identific	ed/ Secured:				
111141	Potential Funding Options Identified/ Secured: 1. Foundations						
	2. Federal, state and local funds						
1.1.e.	Responsible Parti						
	1. Housing and Su		Network (HSSN)				
	2. Nonprofit provid	ders					
	3. State and local g						
1.1.f.	First Steps Towar		nentation:				
	1. Identify lead age						
	2. Secure funding.						
	3. Implement progr	ram.					

4. Service Provider implement data collection system (HMIS ServicePoint) to track program outcomes.

³² This is the total cost over 10 years.

10-Year Plan Workgroup Final Worksheet

DATE C	ompleted/ Updated:	2/26/2008					
	Vorkgroup Name: Prevention and Emergency Services [Strategy 5.1]						
1.0 GEN	1.0 GENERAL STRATEGY:						
1.1	Proposed Action:						
1.1	Expand the number of users entering data into the county-wide Homeless Management Information System (HMIS) to ensure comprehensive data compilation of homeless persons accessing services and provide data for reporting outcomes of programs. Data on homeless individuals receiving services in 10-Year Plan activities will be entered into HMIS. Currently 12 agencies (nonprofit and public) participate in entering homeless data in HMIS.						
110	One and the of December	and Hada of Cour	•				
1.1.a.	Quantity of Propo Fund 75 user licens			\$250/user			
	Tuna 75 user neems	ses (servicer onit)	at an annual cost of	φ230/ user.			
1.1.b.		ease number of p	· •	data on homeless servic	ees and activities. 2007		
1.1.c.	New Units of Service Created	Total Units of Service	One Time Capital Costs	Annual Operations and Service Costs	Cumulative Costs		
2008-				12,375	\$ 12,375		
2009				10.711			
2010				12,746	25,121		
2011				13,129	38,250		
2012 2013				13,522 13,928	51,772 65,701		
2013				14,346	80,047		
2014				14,776	94,823		
2016				15,220	110,043		
2017				15,676	125,719		
2018				16,147	³³ \$ 141,866		
1.1.d.	Potential Funding		ed/ Secured:				
	1. Service Provider						
	2. Local County an						
11.	3. State and Federa						
1.1.e.	Responsible Parties:						
	Washington County Department of Housing Services (HMIS System Administrator) Nonprofit and public services providers.						
	Nonprofit and public service providers Faith-based and community partners						
	3. I aitii-based aiid	community partie	15				
1.1.f.	First Steps Towar 1. Secure funding.	ds Action Implen	nentation:				
	2. Engage provider	s serving homeles	s persons to particir	pate in HMIS			
				, and III III III.			
	3. Provide software and policy training to HMIS users.4. Provide data reporting and analysis to HMIS users and the public.						

 $^{\rm 33}$ This is the total cost over 10 years.

A Road Home: 10-Year Plan to End Homelessness

Washington County, OR

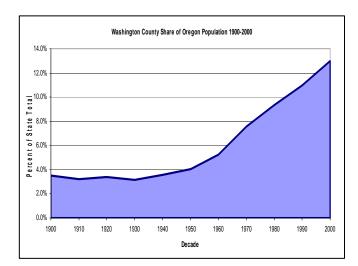
Appendix B

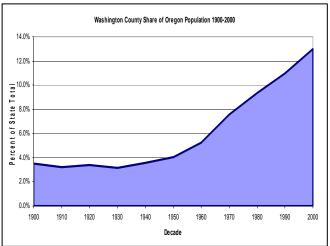
NEEDS ASSESSMENT DATA

Contents

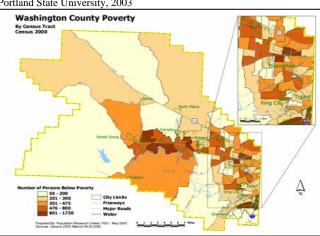
Quantitative Data	66
Recent Population Growth & Poverty	66
Counts of Homelessness	67
Trends in Homelessness	68
Trends in Resources for Homeless People	70
School District Data on Homeless Students	
Community Inventory Data	
Capacity and Resources to Address Homelessness	
Qualitative Data	
Persons Exiting Corrections	78
Homeless Families	
Latino Families	
Homeless Job Seekers	

RECENT POPULATION GROWTH & POVERTY

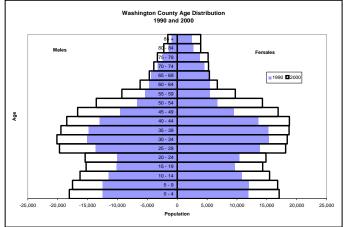




Source: WA County Housing Study and Data, Population Research Center, Portland State University, 2003



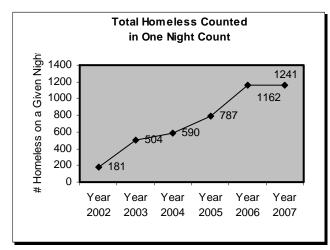
Source: WA County Housing Study and Data, Population Research Center, Portland State University, 2003



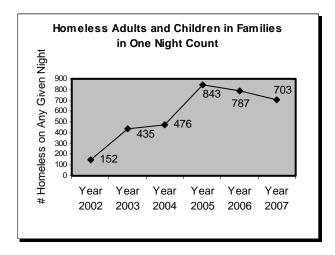
Source: WA County Housing Study and Data, Population Research Center, Portland State University, 2003

Source: WA County Housing Study and Data, Population Research Center, Portland State University, 2003

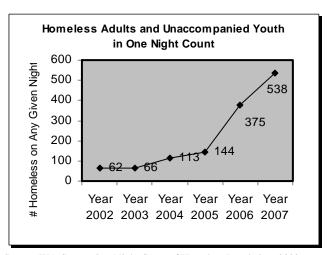
COUNTS OF HOMELESSNESS



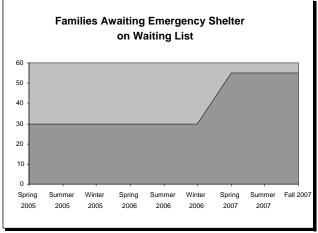
Source: WA County One Night Count of Homeless Population; 2002-2007



Source: WA County One Night Count of Homeless Population; 2002-2007

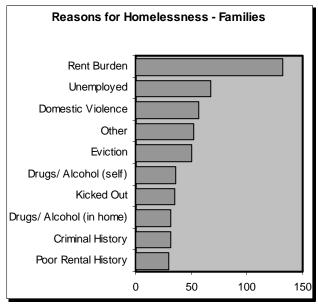


Source: WA County One Night Count of Homeless Population; 2002-2007\\

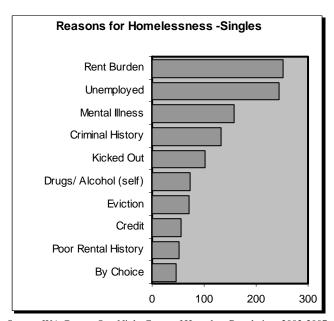


Source: Community Action, WA County, Waiting List for All 3 Local Family Shelters

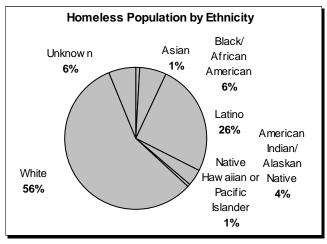
TRENDS IN HOMELESSNESS



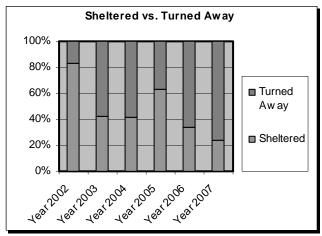
Source: WA County One Night Count of Homeless Population; 2002-2007



Source: WA County One Night Count of Homeless Population; 2002-2007



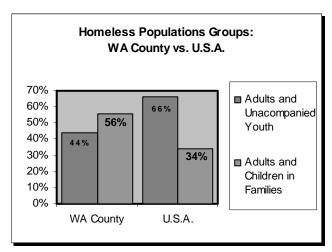
Source: WA County One Night Count of Homeless Population; 2002-2007



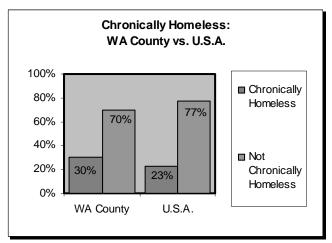
Source: WA County One Night Count of Homeless Population; 2002-2007

A Road Home: 10-Year Plan to End Homelessness

Washington County, OR

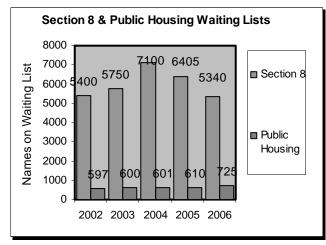


Source: U.S. Department of HUD, The Homeless in America: A Profile Based on the First Annual Homeless Assessment Report, 2005 and WA County One Night Count of Homeless Population; 2002-2007

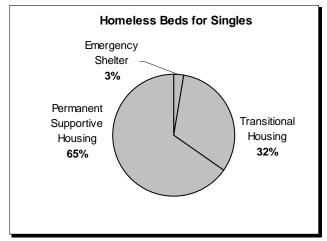


Source: U.S. Department of HUD, The Homeless in America: A Profile Based on the First Annual Homeless Assessment Report, 2005 and WA County One Night Count of Homeless Population; 2002-2007

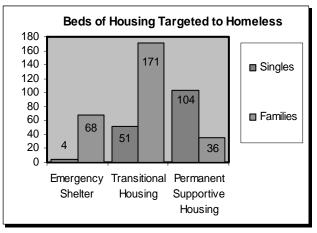
TRENDS IN RESOURCES FOR HOMELESS PEOPLE



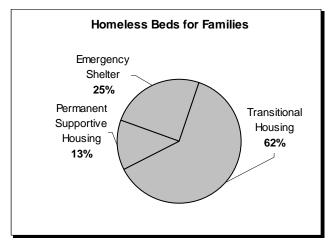
Source: WA County Department of Housing Services, 2007



Source: Exhibit 1: Continuum of Care Application for Hillsboro, Beaverton, Washington County CoC, 2007



Source: Exhibit 1: Continuum of Care Application for Hillsboro, Beaverton, Washington County CoC, 2007



Source: Exhibit 1: Continuum of Care Application for Hillsboro, Beaverton, Washington County CoC, 2007

SCHOOL DISTRICT DATA ON HOMELESS STUDENTS

WA County School System Comparison							
School District	2003-	2004-	2005-	2006-		% Increase	% Increase
	2004	2005	2006	2007		From Year 1 to	From Year 3 to
	School	School	School	School		Year 4	Year 4
	Year	Year	Year	Year			
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4			
Banks	1	0	5	2		100%	-60%
Beaverton	188	285	702	1,093		482%	56%
Forest Grove	54	56	116	75		39%	-36%
Gaston	3	No data	1	7		134%	600%
Hillsboro	247	282	501	387		57%	-23%
Sherwood	No data	No data	20	18		*	-10%
Tigard-Tualatin	51	52	77	58		14%	-25%

Tri-County Comparison					
County	2005-2006	2006-2007	% Increase		
	School Year	School Year			
Clackamas	702	781	12%		
Multnomah	2,263	2,834	26%		
Washington	1,422	1,638	16%		

Top 10 Counties in Oregon			
Counties in Oregon	2006-2007		
with Highest	Homeless Student		
Homeless Student	Count: Hi to Low		
Counts			
1. Multnomah	2,838		
2. Lane	1,965		
3. Washington	1,638		
4. Jackson	1,503		
5. Marion	1,168		
6. Clackamas	782		
7. Deschutes	735		
8. Linn	566		
9. Klamath	480		
10. Douglas	467		

^{*}Can not calculate due to missing data in 2003-2004

Source: Oregon Department of Education; Enrolled K-12 Homeless Student Data Collection

Community Inventory Data

CAPACITY AND RESOURCES TO ADDRESS HOMELESSNESS

I. General HUD Housing Summaries³⁴

Federal Housing Grants for Housing/ Homeless Programs in 2007	
HOME Funds	\$1,639,790
Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Funds	\$2,057,753
McKinney-Vento Continuum of Care Homeless Funds	\$1,552,468
Housing for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA)	\$ Portion of State
	grant
Section 811/202 Housing for Persons with Disabilities	\$0
Federal Tax Credits	\$0
Total	\$5,250,011

HUD Section 8 Program³⁵

	# Units
Fair Share Section 8 Program Vouchers	114
Section 8 Rental Vouchers	2,569
Total	2,683
Section 8 Program Details	
Current Section 8 Waiting List	6,405 names
Section 8 Annual Turnover Rate	Approx 100/year
% of Section 8s used as Tenant-based Rental Assistance	100%
% of Section 8s used as Project-based Rental Assistance	0%

HUD Fir	nanced Publi	c Housing
---------	--------------	-----------

	# Units
Public Housing Units	285

HUD Housing Options for People with AIDS (HOPWA)

Cascade AIDS Project – 3 permanent housing units @\$650 month	\$650 month
Cascade AIDS Project – 2 transitional units @ \$1300/month	\$1300/month

HUD Section 811 for Persons with Disabilities	
None	\$0

Section 811 for Persons with Disabilities	
None	\$0

II. Shelters and Housing for the Homeless Summaries³⁶

Summary: Total Designated Homeless Beds/ Housing Units

Program Model	Singles	Families
	(# beds)	(# beds)
Emergency	12	68
Transitional	17	171
Permanent	104	36
Total	133	275

Award data supplied by U.S. Department of HUD. Award amounts are available at www.hud.gov in various reports.
 Data provided by WA County Department of Housing Services

³⁶ Data is drawn from CoC Housing Inventory Chart; 2007 Exhibit CoC Application for Hillsboro, Beaverton, Washington County and complemented with details provided by WA County housing and homeless service providers.

Emergency Drop-in for Homeless People		
Name	Program Model	# Units
Open Door	Drop-in counseling center for single homeless people	NA

Emergency Shelters for the Homeless				
Name	Program Model		Singles	Families
			(# beds)	(# beds)
Community Action	Family Shelter		0	20
Good Neighbor Center	Family Shelter		0	36
Family Bridge	Church-based Beds for Families		0	12
Boys and Girls Aid Society	Emergency Foster Home Beds for Youth		4	0
Boys and Girls Aid Society	Safe Place Youth Shelter		8	0
		Total	12	68

Domestic Violence Residences			
Name	Program Model	Singles	Families
	-	(# beds)	(# beds)
Domestic Violence Resource Center	Domestic Violence Shelter.	5	23

Transitional Housing			
Name	Program Model	Singles	Families
		(# beds)	(# beds)
Cascade AIDS Project	Transitional for Persons with HIV	3	8
Community Action	The Supplemental Assistance for Families in	4	53
	Assisted Housing Program		
	The Low Income Rental Housing Fund		
	The Housing Stabilization Programs		
Good Neighbor Center	The Housing Stabilization Program	0	24
	Transitional Partnership with Housing		
	Authority		
Homestreet-Banyan Tree	Interim Housing	5	0
LifeWorks Northwest	Transitional Facility for Homeless Adults with	5	0
	Mental Illness		
Lutheran Community Service Northwest	Transitional Housing Units for Homeless and at-	0	72
•	risk Families		
Washington County Department of	Transitional Family Units for Homeless	0	14
Housing Services	Probationers/ Parolees		
	Total	17	171

Permanent Supportive Housing			
	Program Model	Singles	Families
		(# beds)	(# beds)
Cascade AIDS Project	Shelter Plus Car Rental Assistance	14	20
Clean and Sober Living (CASL)	Shelter Plus Car Rental Assistance	20	0
	New Dawn Program		
	Sober Housing		
Good Neighbor Center	Shelter Plus Care Rental Assistance	0	16
Mental Health Consortium of WA County	Shelter Plus Care w/ Lifeworks, Homestreet,	61	0
	BanyanTree, Luke Dorf		
	Tri-Haven Shelter Plus Care Rental Assistance		
Open Door Counseling Center	Shelter Plus Care Rental Assistance	9	0
	Total	104	*-36

New and Under Development: Permanent S	Supportive Housing		
	Program Model	Singles	Families
		(# beds)	(# beds)
Bridges to Housing	"Housing first" program placing homeless		
	families in set-aside units of CDC owned	0	42
	housing and providing support services to		
	high resource using families.		
Luke Dorf Hillsboro Graduated	Permanent housing for homeless individuals		
Independent Living Program Dual	with dual diagnosis. Intensive treatment on	15	0
Diagnosis Residential Program (Open	site.		
December 2007)			
Merlo Station – Tualatin Valley Housing		0	41
Partners			
	Total	15	83

III. Other Supportive Housing³⁷

Recovery Homes		
Program Model		Singles
Oxford Houses	22 cooperatively run, consumer directed sober homes that operate independently of public funds	235
Luke Dorf Safe Haven	Permanent "low threshold" harm reduction housing for men and women with dual diagnosis of mental illness and substance abuse.	10
	Total	245

Transitional Housing for Persons Leaving Corrections			
Program Model			
Community Corrections Transitional	Setting for individuals exiting corrections institutions –	23	
Lodger Program	transitioning into community		
Privately Owned Shared Housing for Ex-	Property owner Jay Swenson owns rental housing that he	# units varies	
offenders	dedicates to leasing up with ex-offenders in shared		
	housing arrangements.		
WA County Transitional Housing	Transitional Housing for 3 families (up to 14 beds) for	14	
Program	homeless probationers/ parolees and their spouses/		
	children.		
Castle House CLSL	A privately owned former nursing home used as SRO	# units varies	
	housing with some free units set-aside for those leaving		
	corrections. Faith-based.		
	Total	approx. 50	

 $^{\rm 37}$ Data provided by WA County housing and homeless service providers.

IV. Publicly Subsidized Housing (that is Not Public Housing)³⁸

Summary: Public	ly Subsidized Housing Properties (not public housing) by Region	
Zip Code	Area or City	# Income Restricted Units
97005	Beaverton-City	323
97006	Aloha/Beaverton	1,560
97007	Aloha/Beaverton	147
97008	Beaverton-City	5
97062	Tualatin	340
97116	Forest Grove	187
97123	Hillsboro South	407
97124	Hillsboro North	48
97133	North Plains	33
97223	Tigard	305
97224	Tigard	369

				# Income Restricte d
Name of Property	Location	Owner	Type	Units
Holly Tree	Beaverton	Housing Authority WA County	Government	140
Crestview Court	Beaverton			48
New Dawn Apartments	Beaverton	Clean and Sober Living Inc.	Non-profit	6
Bonnie Brae Group Home	Beaverton	Edwards Center	Non-profit	1
Franklin St. Apartments	Beaverton	Gearin Properties	Non-profit	4
Beaverton Apartments	Beaverton	Gearin Properties	Non-profit	4
Fir Crest Manor	Beaverton	Tualatin Valley Housing Partners	Non-profit	59
Spencer House	Beaverton	Tualatin Valley Housing Partners	For profit	47
Bridge Apartments	Beaverton	Tualatin Valley Housing Partners Housing Partners	Non-profit	14
Willow Springs	Beaverton	Willow Springs Limited Partnership	For Profit	120
Quatama Crossing	Beaverton	Quatama Housing Limited Partnership	Non-profit	711
Marilann Terrace	Beaverton	Housing Authority Of Washington County	Government	18
Briarcreek Apartments	Beaverton	Gsl Properties	For Profit	216
Brentwood Oaks Apartments	Beaverton	Tuality Park Apartments Limited Partnership	For Profit	78
185th Duplexes	Beaverton	Housing Authority Of Washington County	Government	6
Reedville Apartments	Aloha	Housing Development Corporation Of New Oregon	Non-profit	48
Birch Creek Apartments	Beaverton	Simpson Property Group	For Profit	246
New Beginnings Campaign	Beaverton	St Mary's Home For Boys	Non-profit	54

³⁸ Data provided by WA County Department of Housing Services – from a data base that is still under development. Given that the database is not yet complete, there may be omissions or irregularities in this inventory.

Phase II				
Villa Capri Apartments	Beaverton	Tualatin Valley Housing Partners	Non-profit	63
Farmington Meadows	Beaverton	Mainland Development Corporation	F	68
Cuenca House	Aloha	Homestreet-Banyan Tree, Inc.	Non-profit	1
Myrtlewood House	Aloha	Homestreet-Banyan Tree, Inc.	Non-profit	1
Tri-Haven Room And Board	Aloha	Tri-Haven, Inc.	Non-profit	7
Belleau Wood	Beaverton	Belleau Woods Associates Ltd	Government	64
		Housing Authority Of Washington		
Farmington Park	Beaverton	County	Government	6
Habitat Homes	Beaverton	Habitat For Humanity	Non-profit	1
Habitat Homes	Beaverton	Habitat For Humanity	Non-profit	1
Habitat Homes	Beaverton	Habitat For Humanity	Non-profit	1
Habitat Homes	Beaverton	Habitat For Humanity	Non-profit	1
Habitat Homes	Beaverton	Habitat For Humanity	Non-profit	1
Tualatin Meadows	Tualatin	GSL Properties	For Profit	240
Terrace View Apartments	Tualatin	GSL Properties	For Profit	100
		Housing Authority Of Washington		
The Villager Apartments	Forest Grove	County	Government	36
Douleside Amentus auto	Esmost Cosses	Housing Authority Of Washington	C	24
Parkside Apartments	Forest Grove	County	Government For Profit	24
Covey Run Apartments	Forest Grove	Cascade Housing Group, Llc		40
Harkson Court	Forest Grove	Accessible Living, Inc. Housing Authority Of Washington	Non-profit	20
Vanrich Apartments	Forest Grove	County County County	Government	17
vanien i partificitis	Totest Grove	Housing Development Corporation Of	Government	17
Jose Arciga Apartments	Forest Grove	New Oregon	Non-profit	50
		Housing Authority Of Washington		
Amberwood Apartments	Hillsboro	County	Government	40
Gateway Commons	Hillsboro	Cascade Housing Development	For Profit	138
City Center	Hillsboro	City Center Ltd Partnership	Non-profit	91
The Maples Ii Apartments	Hillsboro	Community Housing Iii, Inc	For Profit	21
Laceleaf Apartments	Hillsboro	Homestreet-Banyan Tree	Non-profit	15
Interim House	Hillsboro	Homestreet-Banyan Tree, Inc.	Non-profit	1
		Housing Development Corporation Of		4.0
Montebello Apartments	Hillsboro	New Oregon	Non-profit	48
Rolling Green Apartments	Hillsboro	Quadriplegics United Against Dependency Inc	Non-profit	24
The Maples Apartments	Hillsboro	Washington County Council On Aging	Non-profit	29
The Maples Apartments	Tillisoolo	Housing Authority Of Washington	140II-pioiit	23
Tarkington Square	Hillsboro	County	Government	48
Fifth Avenue Plaza	North Plains			33
		Community Partners For Affordable		
Oleson Woods Apartments	Portland	Housing	Non-profit	32
Hawthorne Villa Apartments	Tigard	Columbia Development Services Inc	Non-profit	119
		Community Partners For Affordable		
Metzger Park Apartments	Tigard	Housing	Non-profit	32
The Village At Washington	Time 1	Community Partners For Affordable	Nam	26
Square	Tigard	Housing Community Partners For Affordable	Non-profit	26
Greenburg Oaks Apartments	Tigard	Housing Housing	Non-profit	84
Greenburg Oaks Apartments	115010	110uomg	Tion profit	04

Pluss Apartments	Tigard	Luke-Dorf Inc	Non-profit	11
Sandvig House Renovation	Tigard	Luke-Dorf Inc	Non-profit	1
		Housing Authority Of Washington		
The Colonies Apartments	Tigard	County	Government	96
		Housing Authority Of Washington		
Bonita Villa Apartments	Tigard	County	Government	96
Woodspring Apartments	Tigard	Alliance Property Mgmt	Non-profit	172
New Beginnings	Tigard	Luke-Dorf Inc	Non-profit	5
			Total	3,724

PERSONS EXITING CORRECTIONS

Current Trends

- WA County Jail releases many inmates to the County most of whom originated from the area prior to their
- Many homeless individuals exiting WA County Jail will go to Portland for shelter if they have no home to return to in the County.
- New trend increase number of older homeless men and women leaving corrections in the County.
- There is some specialized housing capacity in the County for the ex-offender population primarily the WA County Restitution Center's Transitional Lodger Program.
- The Transitional Lodger Program is well linked to the local recovery community/ recovery settings.
- This population has benefited from significant recent increase in the number of Oxford Houses in the County.
- Castle House, a private rooming house which is religious based, has been a well utilized resource for the corrections population. It has some beds available for those who can not pay. It works well for those on Medicaid/ SSI.
- Ex-offenders applying to the WA County Section 8 program are often denied due to the program's policy of checking Criminal Offense Record Inquiries (CORIs).
- Some of those exiting corrections are housed by a private individual in the County who offers shared rentals to local ex-offenders.

Unmet Needs

- There is lack of links between the Transitional Lodger program and long-term mainstream subsidized housing options in the County.
- There is particular need for housing and services for homeless ex-offenders with mental illness.
- There is a need for assistance to soon to be discharged incarcerated persons in obtaining SSI/SSDI/ Medicaid which are needed to avoid homelessness upon release.
- There is a need for a residential setting for homeless ex-offenders who are not stable enough in recovery for Oxford House (i.e. need more harm reduction setting or more structured/ serviced setting)
- There is a need for more Shelter Plus Care Vouchers for seriously mentally ill persons particularly those who were recently incarcerated.
- There is a need for a woman-only version of the existing Safe Haven program for women who are disinclined to live in the coed setting due to past trauma and/or abuse.
- There is a need to better link Community Corrections to the mainstream affordable housing community.
- There is a need for more affordable housing that is willing to accept those with criminal records.
- There is a need for better advocacy and skilled case management to assist persons with criminal records in making successful appeals when they are turned down for mainstream subsidized housing.

Source: Qualitative Stakeholder Interviews, Washington County, October-November, 2007

HOMELESS FAMILIES

Current Trends

- There are steadily increasing numbers of families seeking shelter in the County.
- Homeless families are languishing on waiting list for shelter for months in the County.
- Existing shelters are overwhelmed by demand. There is a very recent spike in the number of families on the waiting list for shelter.
- Families make up the vast majority of homeless people seeking services in WA County.
- In recent months, more families are getting into financial trouble paying rent.
- In the past, homeless families benefited from the "renters' market" conditions where management companies were flexible as to who they would rent to and what kinds of move-in specials they would offer.
- Recent change in rental market made flexible rent options less available.
- In general, the social services in the County seem to meet the needs of homeless families for mental health etc.
- The most common demographic group among local homeless families is generally single women heads of household.
- Farm working families are not seen frequently in shelter (living instead in trailers in woods etc.)
- Latino families are well represented in family shelters. It seems that most are documented.
- The recent trend is for more two parent families in shelter.
- The recent trend is for more working parents in shelter.
- The recent trend is for an increase in victims of domestic violence particularly from rural areas evident in shelters.
- There are some families moving to WA County from Multnomah County seeking a better quality of life. They come without awareness of the high cost of living in the WA County.
- Hillsboro is noted by some as having high incidence of homeless families.
- Many homeless families originate from the central areas of Beaverton, Hillsboro, and Tigerton where there are older apartment complexes.
- Homeless families also originate from low income pockets in outskirts of Cornelius and Forest Grove.

Unmet Needs

- There is a need for homelessness prevention targeted to families.
- There is a need for transportation lack of it limits options to look outside the County for affordable housing options when none can be found locally.
- The biggest unmet need for homeless families is affordable housing.
- There is a need to move families out of shelter faster to better accommodate those waiting.
- Families/ heads-of-household need more than TANF to afford local rents. They can not exit homelessness without income
- Heads of household who are disabled require better access to SSI/SSDI.

Source: Qualitative Stakeholder Interviews, Washington County, October-November, 2007

LATINO FAMILIES

Current Trends

- In general, the Latino population is growing in the County in keeping with its overall growth in ethnic diversity. Latinos, however, are increasing at a faster rate than other ethnic groups.
- The number of Latino families in poverty is increasing in the County.
- Ethnic minorities in WA County, including Latinos, have the lowest home ownership rates in the County.
- The number of Latino migrant laborers in the County is diminishing. There has been a significant drop since the
- Local shelters find that Latino families are well represented in the mix of demographic groups asking for help.
- Typically, Latino homeless persons in the County are more "invisible" than their non-Latino counterparts i.e. they typically do not present themselves for emergency assistance or shelter as readily.
- Latino homeless people in the County are more likely to rely on doubling or tripling up with friends and extended family in overcrowded and unstable living arrangements than seek shelter and emergency assistance.
- The number of homeless Latinos is likely to be undercounted due to their lower visibility.
- Latino families who lack housing may be more likely to choose uninhabitable living conditions such a defunct trailer in the woods.
- Latino families who are undocumented face complex problems they hide their crisis from public services out of fear that their status may be revealed if and when they seek help.
- Some homeless Latinos face language barriers to service and emergency help.
- Latino families with unstable housing arrangements in the County are often transient moving back and forth between the migrant camps in the County and conventional housing where they are temporarily doubled up.
- Homeless Latino families in the County with adolescent children face multiple social challenges for their youth high drop out rates, gang activity, and high rates of alcohol abuse.
- The Cultural Center in the County serving Latinos uses an "asset building" approach to meeting needs i.e. emphasizing education, skill building, and tools for economic independence.

Unmet Needs

- Latino homeless families and singles lack the same housing, income, and support services as non-Latinos.
- Latinos homeless families and singles lack the ability to access local resources and services across the barriers of their invisibility, cultural divisions, and language differences.
- The homeless service continuum lacks any specific outreach targeted to the Latino community particularly the "invisible" segment.

Source: Qualitative Stakeholder Interviews, Washington County, October-November, 2007

HOMELESS JOB SEEKERS

Current Trends

- Many homeless singles in the County are, in fact, working many at day labor through Labor Ready. However, they are not making a living wage.
- Many homeless singles also use "canning" as primary source of money.
- The recent trend is for more working parents in local shelters.
- Portland based Goodwill (serves disabled) and Habitation are the primary employment and training providers in the area that homeless people may be able to access.
- Some high tech companies left the area in recent years leaving unemployment behind which was a catalyst to homelessness for some families.
- Most formerly homeless people in the County who were successful finding local jobs how work in the service economy (restaurants) or back office work (such as call centers).
- There seem to be recent gains in sensitivity to the pressures on low income people in the County i.e. the community wants to help homeless people succeed.

Unmet Needs

- The County lacks a formal strategy or program to address the job training and placement needs of homeless people.
- Homeless heads of household need jobs that pay a living wage.
- Homeless singles need more than canning and day labor income if they are to stabilize their lives.
- Families/ heads-of-household need more than TANF to afford local rents. They can not exit homelessness without more substantial income.
- All disabled homeless people in the County need better access to SSI/SSDI. Many are likely eligible but are not now receiving this entitlement income.
- The local TANF program needs to monitor how well formerly homeless families are retaining TANF to ensure that the recent reauthorization of this entitlement does not lead to sudden loss of this income - and vulnerability to homelessness.

Source: Qualitative Stakeholder Interviews, Washington County, October-November, 2007